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Subcontract conditions for design and construct



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Association of Consulting Engineers Australia

Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Australian Procurement and Construction Council

AUSTROADS

Construction Industry Engineering Services Group

Construction Policy Steering Committee

Electricity Supply Association of Australia

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Subcontract conditions for design and construct

Originated as AS 4303 Revised and redesignated AS 4903—2000. Reissued incorporating Amendment No. 1 (March 2005).

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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee OB/3, General Conditions of Contract.

This Standard incorporates Amendment No. 1 (March 2005). The changes required by the Amendment are indicated in the text by a marginal bar and amendment number against the clause, note, table, figure or part thereof affected.

This Standard is the result of a consensus among Australian and New Zealand representatives on the Joint Committee to produce it as an Australian Standard.

AS 4903—2000 General conditions of subcontract for design and construct is a part of the suite of conditions of contract based on AS 4000—1997 General conditions of contract.

This Standard covers the following types of project procurement methods:

- (a) design and construct;
- (b) design development and construct; and
- (c) design, novate and construct.

If the project procurement method chosen for the main contract results in the subcontract incorporating design functions, then if the project procurement method is:

- (a) **design and construct**—the Main Contractor would provide the Main Contractor's project requirements, would not normally provide a detailed preliminary design and would not require novation;
- (b) **design development and construct** the Main Contractor would provide the Main Contractor's project requirements, would always provide a preliminary design and accordingly would complete Annexure Part A Items 14 and 15;
- (c) design, novate and construct the Main Contractor would provide the Main Contractor's project requirements, would always provide a preliminary design, would complete Annexure Part A Items 14 and 15 and would complete Annexure Part A Item 25 stating which secondary subcontract (including consultant's agreement) or selected secondary subcontract is to be novated to the Subcontractor.

Subclauses 8.6, 29.2 and 34.7A, prefixed by *, are optional, and may be omitted in the Contract, where necessary, without making consequential amendments but such omission should be clearly shown on the face of the document by striking out these subclauses or indicating clearly in clause 1 of Annexure Part E or elsewhere that they are not to apply. See paragraph (i) of clause 1 for the effect of stating deletions in Annexure Part E.

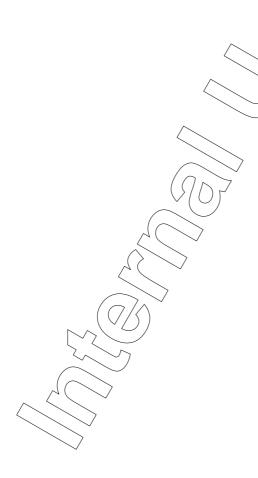
WARNINGS

- 1) This Standard is not recommended for use as part of the agreement between the Main Contractor and a consultant. AS 4904—2001 Consultant's Agreement has been developed for this purpose.
- 2) Users of this Australian Standard are warned that clause 15 (Damage to persons and property other than WUS) does not limit the liability of parties for special, indirect or consequential losses.

This unlimited liability applies notwithstanding any limitations or exclusions permitted under insurance clauses 16A (Insurance of WUS), 16B (Professional indemnity insurance) and 17 (Public liability insurance).

Parties wishing to limit their liability should seek insurance and legal advice before entering a subcontract under this Standard.

- 3) In relation to insurances, the parties should have regard to clause 16A regarding the availability during the tender period of a copy of the insurance policy in relation to WUS, and subclause regarding proof of evidence of insurances generally, before WUS commences under the Subcontract.
- 4) Main Contractors should ensure that their specific requirements are fully and completely incorporated in the Main Contractor's project requirements obtaining specialist advice if necessary. Where a Subcontractor provides a proposed design as part of its tender the parties should consider whether that design should form part of the Main Contractor's project requirements.
- 5) The risk allocation, drafting, interpretation and construction of this Standard are interrelated. Users who alter the Standard do so at their own risk and should obtain specialist advice as to whether it is suitable for a particular project.
- 6) Subcontractors should ensure that they satisfy the requirements of payment for unfixed plant and materials.
- 7) Legislation has come into force in some jurisdictions dealing with security of payments. Parties intending to use this Standard should seek expert advice as to their rights and obligations under such legislation.



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STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

Australian Standard Subcontract conditions for design and construct

1 Interpretation and construction of Subcontract

In the *Subcontract*, except where the context otherwise requires:

Item means an *Item* in Annexure Part A;

bill of quantities

means a document named therein as a bill of quantities issued to tenderers by or on behalf of the Main Contractor, stating estimated quantities of work to be carried out;

certificate of practical completion

has the meaning in subclause 34.6;

compensable cause

means:

- (a) any act, default or omission of the Subcontract Superintendent, the Main Contractor or its consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the Subcontractor):
- (b) any act, default or omission of the *Superintendent*, the *Principal* or its consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the *Subcontractor*); or
- (c) those listed in *Item* 35;

construction plant

means appliances and things used in the carrying out of WUS but not forming part of the Subcontract Works;

date for practical completion

means:

- (a) where *Item* 11(a) provides a date for *practical* completion, the date;
- where *Item* 11(b) provides a period of time for *practical* completion, the last day of the period,

but if any EOT for practical completion is directed by the Subcontract Superintendent or allowed in any arbitration or litigation, it means the date resulting therefrom;

date of acceptance of tender

means the date which appears on the written notice of acceptance of the tender;

date of practical completion

means:

- (a) the date evidenced in a *certificate of practical completion* as the date upon which *practical completion* was reached; or
- (b) where another date is determined in any arbitration or litigation as the date upon which *practical completion* was reached, that other date;

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deed of guarantee, undertaking and substitution

has the meaning in subclause 5.6;

defects

has the meaning in clause 35 and includes omissions;

defects liability period

has the meaning in clause 35;

design documents

means the drawings, specifications and other information, samples, models, patterns and the like required by the Subcontract and created (and including, where the context so requires, those to be created by the Subcontractor) for the construction of the Subcontract Worksz

direction

includes agreement, approval, assessment, authorisation, certificate, decision, demand, determination, explanation, instruction, notice, order, permission, rejection, request or requirement;

dispute

has the meaning in clause 42;

EOT (from 'extension

has the meaning in subclause 34.3;

of time')

excepted risk has the meaning in subclause 14/3;

final certificate

has the meaning in subclause 37.4;

final payment

has the meaning in clause 37;

final payment claim

means the final payment claim referred to in subclause 37.4;

intellectual property

means any patent, registered design, trademark or name, copyright or other protected right;

right

latent condition has the meaning in subclause 25.1;

legislative requirement

includes

Acts, Ordinances, regulations, by-laws, orders, awards (a) and proclamations of the jurisdiction where WUS or the particular part thereof is being carried out;

certificates, licences, consents, permits, approvals and requirements of organisations having jurisdiction in connection with the carrying out of WUS; and

fees and charges payable in connection with the foregoing;

main contract

means the agreement between the Principal and the Main

Contractor;

main contract arbitrator has the meaning in subclause 42.4;

main contract dispute

has the meaning in clause 42;

main contract works

means the whole of the work to be carried out and completed in accordance with the main contract, including variations provided for by the main contract, which by the main contract is to be handed over to the *Principal*;

Main Contractor

means the Main Contractor stated in *Item* 1;

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Main Contractor's project requirements

means the *Main Contractor's* written requirements for *the Subcontract Works* described in the documents stated in *Item* 14 which:

- (a) shall include the stated purpose for which the Subcontract Works are intended;
- (b) may include the *Main Contractor's* design, timing and cost objectives for the *works*; and
- (c) where stated in *Item* 14, shall include a preliminary design;

practical completion

is that stage in the carrying out and completion of WUS when:

- (a) the Subcontract Works are complete except for minor defects:
 - (i) which do not prevent the Subcontract Works from being reasonably capable of being used for their stated purpose;
 - (ii) which the Subcontract Superintendent determines the Subcontractor has reasonable grounds for not promptly rectifying; and
 - (iii) the rectification of which will not prejudice the convenient use of the Subcontract Works;
- (b) those tests which are required by the Subcontract to be carried out and passed before the Subcontract Works reach practical completion have been carried out and passed; and
- (c) documents and other information required under the Subcontract which, in the Subcontract Superintendent's opinion, are essential for the use, operation and maintenance of the Subcontract Works have been supplied;

preliminary design means the documents stated in Item 15;

prescribed notice has the meaning in subclause 41.1;

Principal—means the Principal to the main contract stated in *Item* 7;

progress certificate/has the meaning in subclause 37.2;

provisional sum has the meaning in clause 3 and includes monetary sum, contingency sum and prime cost item;

public liability policy

has the meaning in clause 17;

qualifying cause of delay

means:

- (a) any act, default or omission of the *Subcontract Superintendent*, the *Main Contractor* or its consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the *Subcontractor*);
- (b) any act, default or omission of the *Superintendent*, the *Principal* or its consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the *Subcontractor*); or

- (c) other than:
 - a breach or omission by the Subcontractor; (i)
 - conditions or inclement weather (ii) industrial occurring after the date for practical completion; and
 - (iii) stated in *Item* 32:

schedule of rates

means any schedule included in the Subcontract which, in respect of any section or item of work to be carried out, shows the rate or respective rates of payment for the execution of that work and which may also include lump sums, provisional sums, other sums, quantities and prices;

secondary subcontract

Subcontractor and a means a subcontract between the secondary subcontractor;

secondary subcontractor

in clauses 3 and 9 includes a Subcontractor's consultant;

security

cash; (a)

means:

- (b) retention moneys:
- bonds or inscribed stock or their equivalent issued by a (c) national, state or territory government;
- interest bearing) deposit in a bank carrying on business at (d) the place stated in *Item* 13(c);
- an approved unconditional undertaking (the form in (e) Annexure Part B is approved) or an approved performance undertaking given by an approved financial institution or insurance company; or
- other form approved by the party having the benefit of the security;

selected secondary

has the meaning in subclause 9.3;

subcontract work

selected secondary has the meaning in subclause 9.3; subcontractor

separable portion

means a portion of the Subcontract Works identified as such in the Subcontract or by the Subcontract Superintendent pursuant to clause 4;

site

means the lands and other places to be made available and any other lands and places made available to the Subcontractor by the *Main Contractor* for the purpose of the *Subcontract*;

Subcontract has the meaning in clause 6;

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subcontract sum means:

- (a) where the *Main Contractor* accepted a lump sum, the lump sum;
- (b) where the *Main Contractor* accepted rates, the sum of the products ascertained by multiplying the rates by the corresponding quantities in the priced *bill of quantities* or *schedule of rates*; or
- where the *Main Contractor* accepted a lump sum and rates, the aggregate of the sums referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b),

including provisional sums but excluding any additions or deductions which may be required to be made under the Subcontract;

Subcontract Superintendent

means the person stated in *Item* 5 as the Subcontract Superintendent or other person from time to time appointed in writing by the *Main Contractor* to be the Subcontract Superintendent and notified as such in writing to the *Subcontractor* by the *Main Contractor* and, so far as concerns the functions exercisable by a *Subcontract Superintendent's Representative*, includes a *Subcontract Superintendent's Representative*;

Subcontract Superintendent's Representative means an individual appointed in writing by the Subcontract Superintendent under clause 21;

Subcontractor

means the person bound to carry out and complete WUS;

Subcontractor's consultant

means any person engaged by the *Subcontractor* to perform consultancy services in connection with *WUS* and includes any *Main Contractor*'s consultant whose prior contract is novated to the *Subcontractor* under subclause 9.4;

Subcontractor's design obligations

means all tasks necessary to design and specify the Subcontract Works required by the Subcontract, including preparation of the design documents and, if the documents stated in Item 14 as describing the Main Contractor's project requirements include a preliminary design, developing the preliminary design;

Subcontractor's has the meaning in clause 32;

Superintendent

means the person stated in *Item* 9 as the Superintendent or other person from time to time appointed in writing by the *Principal* to be the Superintendent under the *main contract* and notified as such in writing to the *Subcontractor* by the *Main Contractor* and, so far as concerns the functions exercisable under the *main contract* by a Superintendent's Representative, includes a Superintendent's Representative;

survey mark

in clause 26 means a survey peg, bench mark, reference mark, signal, alignment, level mark or any other mark for the purpose of setting out, checking or measuring WUS;

temporary works means work used in carrying out and completing WUS, but not forming part of the Subcontract Works;

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test has the meaning in subclause 30.1 and includes examine and measure;

the Subcontract Works

means the whole of the *work* to be carried out and completed in accordance with the *Subcontract*, including *variations* provided for by the *Subcontract*, which by the *Subcontract* is to be handed over to the *Main Contractor*;

variation has the

has the meaning in clause 36;

work

includes the provision of materials;

WUS (from 'work under the Subcontract')

means the work which the Subcontractor is or may be required to carry out and complete under the Subcontract and includes variations, remedial work, construction plant and temporary works.

and like words have a corresponding meaning.

In the *Subcontract*:

- (a) references to days mean calendar days and references to a person include an individual, firm or a body, corporate or unincorporate;
- (b) time for doing any act or thing under the Subcontract shall, if it ends on a Saturday, Sunday or Statutory or Public Holiday, be deemed to end on the day next following which is not a Saturday, Sunday or Statutory or Public Holiday,
- (c) clause headings and subclause headings shall not form part of, nor be used in the interpretation of, the Subcontract;
- (d) words in the singular include the plural and words in the plural include the singular, according to the requirements of the context. Words importing a gender include every gender;
- (e) communications between the *Main Contractor*, the *Subcontract Superintendent* and the *Subcontractor* shall be in the English language;
 - measurements of physical quantities shall be in legal units of measurement of the jurisdiction in *Item* 12;
 - unless otherwise provided, prices are in the currency in *Item* 13(a) and payments shall be made in that currency at the place in *Item* 13(b);
- (h) the law governing the *Subcontract*, its interpretation and construction, and any agreement to arbitrate, is the law of the jurisdiction in *Item* 12; and
- (i) if pursuant to Annexure Part E to these Subcontract Conditions, clauses or their parts in these Conditions are deleted, the *Subcontract* shall be read and construed as though the clause or its part has been deleted, whether or not that particular clause or its part has been struck from these Conditions.

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2 Nature of Subcontract

2.1 Performance and payment

The Subcontractor shall carry out and complete WUS in accordance with the Subcontract and directions authorized by the Subcontract.

The Main Contractor shall pay the Subcontractor:

- (a) for work for which the Main Contractor accepted a lump sum, the lump sum; and
- (b) for work for which the Main Contractor accepted rates, the sum of the products ascertained by multiplying the measured quantity of each section or item of work actually carried out under the Subcontract by the rate accepted by the Main Contractor for the section or item,

adjusted by any additions or deductions made pursuant to the Subcontract.

2.2 Subcontractor's warranties

Without limiting the generality of subclause 2.1, the *Subcontractor* warrants to the *Main Contractor* that:

- (a) the Subcontractor:
 - (i) at all times shall be suitably qualified and experienced, and shall exercise due skill, care and diligence in the carrying out and completion of WUS;
 - (ii) has examined any preliminary design included in the Main Contractor's project requirements and that such preliminary design is suitable, appropriate and adequate for the purpose stated in the Main Contractor's project requirements;
 - (iii) shall carry out and complete the Subcontractor's design obligations to accord with the Main Contractor's project requirements and, if subclause 9.4 applies, accept the novation and retain the Main Contractor's consultants for any work the subject of a prior contract with the Main Contractor; and
 - (iv) shall carry out and complete WUS in accordance with the design documents so that the Subcontract Works, when completed, shall:
 - (A) be fit for their stated purpose; and
 - (B) comply with all the requirements of the Subcontract; and
- (b) subject to clause 9, the Subcontractor's consultants identified in the Subcontractor's tender are suitably qualified and experienced.

2.3 Warranties unaffected

The warranties remain unaffected notwithstanding:

- (a) that design work (including the preliminary design) has been carried out by or on behalf of the Main Contractor and included in the Main Contractor's project requirements;
- (b) that the Subcontractor has entered into a novation of any prior contract between the Main Contractor and a Main Contractor's consultant under subclause 9.4 and thereafter has retained that consultant in connection with WUS;
- (c) any receipt or review of, or comment or direction on, the design documents by the Subcontract Superintendent; or
- (d) any variation.

2.4 Bill of quantities

The Alternative in *Item* 16(a) applies.

Alternative 1

A bill of quantities forms part of the Subcontract and shall be priced in accordance with subclause 2.5.

Alternative 2

A bill of quantities does not form part of the Subcontract and shall not be priced in accordance with subclause 2.5 unless so stated in Item 16(b).

2.5 Priced bill of quantities

Where a bill of quantities is to be priced:

- (a) all items included in the *bill of quantities* shall be priced and extended by the *Subcontractor* and the prices as extended shall on addition equal the sum accepted by the *Main Contractor* for carrying out the whole of the work to which the *bill of quantities* relates;
- (b) the Subcontractor shall lodge the bill of quantities so priced and extended with the Subcontract Superintendent before the expiration of the time for lodgement stated in Item 16(c) or such further time as may be directed by the Subcontract Superintendent from time to time;
- (c) notwithstanding any other provision of the Subcontract, the Subcontractor shall not be entitled to payment until the Subcontractor has lodged the bill of quantities so priced and extended.

If the aggregate amount in a priced bill of quantities does not equal the sum accepted for the work, the subject of the bill of quantities, the Subcontract Superintendent shall (unless the parties agree within 7 days of notification) determine an appropriate correction of errors and inconsistencies in rates and prices therein, so that the aggregate amount equals such sum.

2.6 Quantities

Quantities in a bill of quantities or schedule of rates are estimated quantities only.

The Subcontract Superintendent is not required to give a direction by reason of the actual quantity of an item required to perform the Subcontract being greater or less than the quantity shown in a bill of quantities which forms part of the Subcontract or schedule of rates.

2.7 Adjustment for actual quantities

Where, otherwise than by reason of a *direction* to vary WUS, the actual quantity of an item required to perform the Subcontract is greater or less than the quantity shown in a bill of quantities which forms part of the Subcontract or schedule of rates:

- (a) the *Main Contractor* accepted a lump sum for the item, the difference shall be a deemed *variation*;
- (b) the *Main Contractor* accepted a rate for the item, the rate shall apply to the greater or lesser quantities provided that where limits of accuracy for a quantity in a *schedule of rates* are stated in *Item* 17, the rate shall apply to the greater or lesser quantities within the limits, and quantities outside the limits shall be a deemed *variation*.

If such a bill of quantities or schedule of rates omits an item which should have been included, the item shall be a deemed variation.

Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subclause in respect of a bill of quantities, a variation shall not be deemed for actual quantities of an item pursuant to paragraph(a), or for an omitted item or any adjustment made for actual quantities of an item pursuant to paragraph(b), if the difference, the value of the omitted item or the adjustment respectively is less than \$400.

3 Provisional sums

A provisional sum included in the Subcontract shall not itself be payable by the Main Contractor but where pursuant to a direction the work or item to which the provisional sum relates is carried out or supplied by the Subcontractor, the work or item shall be priced by the Subcontract Superintendent, and the difference shall be added to or deducted from the subcontract sum.

Where any part of such work or item is carried out or supplied by a secondary subcontractor, the Subcontract Superintendent shall allow the amount payable by the Subcontractor to the secondary subcontractor for the work or item, disregarding:

- (a) any damages payable by the *Subcontractor* to the *secondary subcontractor* or vice versa; and
- (b) any deduction of cash discount for prompt payment,

plus an amount for profit and attendance calculated by using the percentage thereon stated in *Item* 18 or elsewhere in the *Subcontract*, or, if not so stated, as assessed by the *Subcontract Superintendent*.

4 Separable portions

Separable portions may be directed by the Subcontract Superintendent, who shall clearly identify for each, the:

- (a) portion of the Subcontract Works;
- (b) date for practical completion; and
- (c) respective amounts for security, bonus, liquidated damages and delay damages (all calculated pro rata according to the ratio of the Subcontract Superintendent's valuation of the separable portion to the subcontract sum).

5 Security

5.1 Provision

Security shall be provided in accordance with *Item* 19 or 20. All delivered security, other than cash or retention moneys, shall be transferred in escrow.

5.2 Recourse

Security shall be subject to recourse by a party who remains unpaid after the time for payment where at least 5 days have elapsed since that party notified the other party of intention to have recourse.

5.3 Change of security

At any time a party providing retention moneys or cash *security* may substitute another form of *security*. To the extent that another form of *security* is provided, the other party shall not deduct, and shall promptly release and return, retention moneys and cash *security*.

5.4 Reduction and release

Upon the issue of the *certificate of practical completion* a party's entitlement to *security* (other than in *Item* 19(e)) shall be reduced by the percentage or amount in *Item* 19(f) or 20(d) as applicable, and the reduction shall be released and returned within 14 days to the other party.

The Main Contractor's entitlement to security in Item 19(e) shall cease 14 days after incorporation into the Subcontract Works of the plant and materials for which that security was provided.

A party's entitlement otherwise to security shall cease 14 days after final certificate.

Upon a party's entitlement to *security* ceasing, that party shall release and return forthwith the *security* to the other party.

5.5 Trusts and interest

Except where held by a government department or agency or a municipal, public or statutory authority, any portion of *security* (and interest earned thereon) which is cash or retention moneys, shall be held in trust for the party providing them until the *Main Contractor* or the *Subcontractor* is entitled to receive them.

Interest earned on *security* not required to be held in trust shall belong to the party holding that *security*.

5.6 Deed of guarantee, undertaking and substitution

Where:

- (a) a party is a related or subsidiary corporation (as defined in the applicable corporations law of the jurisdiction); and
- (b) a form of deed of guarantee, undertaking and substitution was included in the tender documents,

that party shall, within 14 days after receiving a written request from the other party, provide such deed of guarantee, undertaking and substitution duly executed and enforceable.

6 Evidence of Subcontract

Until a formal instrument of agreement is executed by the parties, documents evidencing the parties' consensus shall constitute the *Subcontract*. If such *Subcontract* requires a formal instrument of agreement, the *Main Contractor* shall, within 28 days of the *date of acceptance of tender*, send it in duplicate for execution by the *Subcontractor*. Within 14 days after receiving them, the *Subcontractor* shall (if they are correct) properly execute both copies and return them.

Within 14 days after receiving them, the *Main Contractor* shall execute both copies, have them stamped as necessary and send one copy to the *Subcontractor*.

The Subcontract Superintendent may extend the time under this clause by written notice to the parties.

7 Service of notices

A notice (and other documents) shall be deemed to have been given and received:

(a) if addressed or delivered to the relevant address in the *Subcontract* or last communicated in writing to the person giving the notice; and

- (b) on the earliest date of:
 - (i) actual receipt;
 - (ii) confirmation of correct transmission of fax; or
 - (iii) 3 days after posting.

8 Subcontract documents

8.1 Discrepancies

Figured shall prevail over scaled dimensions in a discrepancy. Otherwise, if either party discovers any inconsistency, ambiguity or discrepancy in any document prepared for the purpose of carrying out WUS, that party shall give the Subcontract Superintendent written notice of it. The Subcontract Superintendent, thereupon, and upon otherwise becoming aware, shall direct the Subcontractor as to the interpretation and construction to be followed.

The Subcontractor shall bear the cost of compliance with a direction under this subclause to the extent that any inconsistency, ambiguity or discrepancy in the design documents or between the design documents and the Main Contractor's project requirements necessitates the direction.

If compliance with any other *direction* under this subclause causes the *Subcontractor* to incur more or less cost than otherwise would have been incurred had the *direction* not been given, the difference shall be assessed by the *Subcontract Superintendent* and added to or deducted from the *subcontract sum*.

8.2 Main Contractor-supplied documents

The Main Contractor shall supply to the Subcontractor the documents and number of copies thereof, both stated in Item 24.

They shall:

- (a) remain the *Main Contractor* or written demand; and
- (b) not be used, copied nor reproduced for any purpose other than WUS.

8.3 Subcontractor-supplied documents

The Subcontractor shall supply to the Subcontract Superintendent the documents and number of copies at the times or stages stated in Item 22.

Other documents and information required by the Subcontract, unless elsewhere stated in the Subcontract, shall be supplied not less than 14 days before the work described in the documents is commenced and shall be in a form satisfactory to the Subcontract Superintendent.

If the Subcontractor submits a document to the Subcontract Superintendent, then except where the Subcontract otherwise provides:

- (a) the Subcontract Superintendent shall not be required to check that document for errors, omissions, inconsistencies, ambiguities, discrepancies or compliance with the Subcontract;
- (b) notwithstanding subclause 2.1, any *Subcontract Superintendent's* acknowledgment or approval shall not prejudice the *Subcontractor's* obligations; and
- (c) if the Subcontract requires the Subcontractor to obtain the Subcontract Superintendent's direction about that document, the Subcontract Superintendent shall

give, within the time stated in *Item* 23, the appropriate *direction*, including reasons if the document is not suitable.

A direction by the Subcontract Superintendent to vary anything in the design documents shall be a variation to WUS only to the extent that the design documents, before such variation, complied, or would have complied, with the Main Contractor's project requirements.

Except as otherwise provided in the *Subcontract*, copies of documents supplied by the *Subcontractor* shall be the *Main Contractor's* property but shall not be used nor copied otherwise than for the use, repair, maintenance or alteration of the *Subcontract-Works*.

8.4 Availability

The Subcontractor shall keep available to the Subcontract Superintendent and the Main Contractor:

- (a) on *site*, one complete set of documents affecting WUS and supplied by a party or the *Subcontract Superintendent*; and
- (b) at the place of manufacture or assembly of any significant part of WUS off site, a set of the documents affecting that part.

8.5 Confidential information

The parties shall ensure that there are kept confidential such documents, samples, models, patterns and other information as are supplied and clearly identified as confidential.

If required in writing by a party, the other party shall enter into a separate agreement not to disclose to anyone else other than the *Principal*, the *Superintendent* and their identified consultants, any confidential matter even after *final certificate* or earlier termination of the *Subcontract*. If so required by the *Subcontractor*, the *Main Contractor* shall ensure that the *Subcontract Superintendent*, the *Principal* and the *Superintendent* also enter into such an agreement.

* 8.6 Media

The Subcontractor shall not disclose any information concerning the project for distribution through any communications media without the Main Contractor's prior written approval (which shall not be unreasonably withheld). The Subcontractor shall refer to the Main Contractor any enquiries from any media concerning the project.

9 Assignment and secondary subcontracting

9.1 Assignment

Neither party shall, without the other's prior written approval (including terms) assign the *Subcontract* or any payment or any other right, benefit or interest thereunder.

9.2 Secondary subcontracting generally

The Subcontractor's shall engage and retain the consultants identified in the Subcontractor's tender.

The Subcontractor shall not without the Subcontract Superintendent's prior written approval (which shall not be unreasonably withheld):

^{*} See Preface

- (a) subcontract or allow a *secondary subcontractor* to subcontract any *work* described in *Item* 24; or
- (b) allow a *secondary subcontractor* to assign a *secondary subcontract* or any payment or any other right, benefit or interest thereunder.

With a request for approval, the Subcontractor shall give the Subcontract Superintendent written particulars of the work to be subcontracted and the name and address of the proposed secondary subcontractor. The Subcontractor shall give the Subcontract Superintendent other information which the Subcontract Superintendent reasonably requests, including the proposed secondary subcontract documents without prices.

Within 21 days of the *Subcontractor's* request for approval, the *Subcontract Superintendent* shall give the *Subcontractor* written notice of approval or of the reasons why approval is not given.

Approval may be conditional upon the secondary subcontract including:

- (a) provision that the *secondary subcontractor* shall not assign nor subcontract without the *Subcontractor*'s written consent;
- (b) provisions which may be reasonably necessary to enable the *Subcontractor* to fulfil the *Subcontractor*'s obligations to the *Main Contractor*;
- (c) provision that if the Subcontract is terminated and upon the secondary subcontractor being paid the sum certified by the Subcontract Superintendent as owing to the secondary subcontractor, the Subcontractor and the secondary subcontractor shall, after the Main Contractor has done so, promptly execute a deed of novation in the form of Annexure Part C.
 - For the purpose of effecting such novation only, the *Subcontractor* hereby irrevocably appoints the *Superintendent* under the *main contract* to be the *Subcontractor*'s attorney with authority to execute such documents as are necessary to give effect to the novation and to bind the *Subcontractor* accordingly; and
- (d) where the secondary subcontractor is a Subcontractor's consultant, provision that the secondary subcontractor shall effect and maintain professional indemnity insurance on the same terms as are required under Items 28(c) and 28(d).

9.3 Selected secondary subcontract work

If the Main Contractor has included in the invitation to tender a list of one or more selected secondary subcontractors for particular work, the Subcontractor shall subcontract that work to a selected secondary subcontractor and thereupon give the Subcontract Superintendent written notice of that selected secondary subcontractor's name.

If no subcontractor on the Main Contractor's list will subcontract to carry out the selected secondary subcontract work, the Subcontractor shall provide a list for the written approval of the Subcontract Superintendent.

9.4 Novation

This subclause applies only where the *Main Contractor's project requirements* include a preliminary design or the Subcontract includes selected secondary subcontract work.

When directed by the *Main Contractor*, the *Subcontractor*, without being entitled to compensation, shall promptly execute a deed of novation in the form of Annexure Part D, such deed being between the *Main Contractor*, the *Subcontractor* and the *secondary subcontractor* or *selected secondary subcontractor* stated in *Item* 25 for the particular part of the *preliminary design* or *selected secondary subcontract work*.

9.5 Subcontractor's responsibility

Except where the *Subcontract* otherwise provides, the *Subcontractor* shall be liable to the *Main Contractor* for the acts, defaults and omissions of *secondary subcontractors* (including *selected secondary subcontractors*) and employees and agents of *secondary subcontractors* as if they were those of the *Subcontractor*.

Approval to subcontract shall not relieve the *Subcontractor* from any liability or obligation under the *Subcontract*.

10 Intellectual property rights

10.1 Warranties and indemnities

The Main Contractor warrants that, unless otherwise provided in the Subcontract, the Main Contractor's project requirements, design, materials, documents and methods of working, each specified in the Subcontract or provided or directed by the Main Contractor or the Subcontract Superintendent shall not infringe any intellectual property right.

The Subcontractor warrants that any other design, materials, documents and methods of working, each provided by the Subcontractor, shall not infringe any intellectual property right.

Each party shall indemnify the other against such respective infringements.

10.2 Intellectual property rights granted to Main Contractor and Principal

The Alternative in *Item* 26 applies.

Alternative 1

The Subcontractor grants to the Main Contractor and to the Principal irrevocable licences to use the design documents for WUS. Such licences shall also include any subsequent repairs to, maintenance or servicing of (including the supply of replacement parts), or additions or alterations to, the Subcontract Works and the copying of the documents for such purposes.

Alternative 2

Copyright and property in the design documents (and, as between the Main Contractor and the Subcontractor, any part of the preliminary design produced under a prior contract between the Main Contractor and a Main Contractor's consultant novated under subclause 9.4) hereby vest in the Main Contractor, and the Main Contractor grants to the Subcontractor an irrevocable licence to use the design documents for WUS. Such vesting shall not extend to components of the design which have been developed by the Subcontractor for general use in the Subcontractor's work and have not been specially developed for incorporation in the design documents.

The Subcontractor shall do everything necessary to perfect such vesting.

The Subcontractor shall ensure that the design documents are used, copied and supplied only for the purpose of WUS.

11 Legislative requirements

11.1 Compliance

The Subcontractor shall satisfy all legislative requirements except those in Item 27(a) and (b) or directed by the Subcontract Superintendent to be satisfied by or on behalf of the Main Contractor.

The Subcontractor, upon finding that a legislative requirement is at variance with the Subcontract or the Main Contractor's project requirements, shall promptly give the Subcontract Superintendent written notice thereof.

11.2 Changes

If a legislative requirement:

- (a) necessitates a change:
 - (i) to the Main Contractor's project requirements;
 - (ii) to the Subcontract Works;
 - (iii) to so much of WUS as is identified in Item 27(c);
 - (iv) being the provision of services by a municipal, public or other statutory authority in connection with WUS; or
 - (v) in a fee or charge or payment of a new fee or charge;
- (b) comes into effect after the 14th day before the closing of tenders but could not reasonably then have been anticipated by a competent subcontractor; and
- (c) causes the *Subcontractor* to incur more or less cost than otherwise would have been incurred,

the difference shall be assessed by the *Subcontract Superintendent* and added to or deducted from the *subcontract sum*.

12 Protection of people and property

Insofar as compliance with the Subcontract permits, the Subcontractor shall:

- (a) take measures necessary to protect people and property;
- (b) avoid unnecessary interference with the passage of people and vehicles; and
- (c) prevent nuisance and unreasonable noise and disturbance.

If the Subcontractor damages property, the Subcontractor shall promptly rectify the damage and pay any compensation which the law requires the Subcontractor to pay.

If the Subcontractor fails to comply with an obligation under this clause, the Main Contractor, after the Subcontract Superintendent has given reasonable written notice to the Subcontractor and in addition to the Main Contractor's other rights and remedies, may have the obligation performed by others. The cost thereby incurred shall be certified by the Subcontract Superintendent as moneys due from the Subcontractor to the Main Contractor.

13 Urgent protection

If urgent action is necessary to protect WUS, other property or people and the Subcontractor fails to take the action, in addition to any other remedies of the Main Contractor, the Subcontract Superintendent may take the necessary action. If the action was action which the Subcontractor should have taken at the Subcontractor's cost, the Subcontract Superintendent shall certify the cost incurred as moneys due from the Subcontractor to the Main Contractor.

If time permits, the *Subcontract Superintendent* shall give the *Subcontractor* prior written notice of the intention to take action pursuant to this clause.

14.1 Excep

14 Care of the work and reinstatement of damage

14.1 Care of WUS

Except as provided in subclause 14.3, the *Subcontractor* shall be responsible for care of:

- (a) the whole of WUS from and including the date of commencement of WUS to 4:00 pm on the date of practical completion, at which time responsibility for the care of the Subcontract Works (except to the extent provided in paragraph (b)) shall pass to the Main Contractor; and
- (b) outstanding work and items to be removed from the site by the Subcontractor after 4:00 pm on the date of practical completion until completion of outstanding work or compliance with clauses 29, 30 and 35.

Without limiting the generality of paragraph (a), the Subcontractor shall be responsible for the care of unfixed items accounted for in a progress certificate and the care and preservation of things entrusted to the Subcontractor by the Main Contractor or brought onto the site by secondary subcontractors for carrying out WUS.

14.2 Reinstatement

If loss or damage, other than that caused by an excepted risk, occurs to WUS during the period of the Subcontractor's care, the Subcontractor shall, at its cost, rectify such loss or damage.

In the event of loss or damage being caused by any of the excepted risks (whether or not in combination with other risks), the Subcontractor shall to the extent directed by the Subcontract Superintendent, rectify the loss or damage and such rectification shall be a deemed variation. If loss or damage is caused by a combination of excepted risks and other risks, the Subcontract Superintendent in pricing the variation shall assess the proportional responsibility of the parties.

14.3 Excepted risks

The excepted risks causing loss or damage, for which the Main Contractor is liable, are:

- (a) any negligent act or omission of the Superintendent, the Principal, the Subcontract Superintendent, the Main Contractor or the consultants, agents, employees or other contractors (not being employed by the Subcontractor) of the Principal or the Main Contractor;
- (b) any risk specifically excepted elsewhere in the Subcontract;
- (c) war, invasion, acts of foreign enemies, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), civil war, repetition, revolution, insurrection or military or usurped power, martial law or confiscation by order of any Government or public authority;
- (d) ionising radiations or contamination by radioactivity from any nuclear fuel or from any nuclear waste from the combustion of nuclear fuel not caused by the *Subcontractor* or its secondary subcontractors or either's employees or agents;
- (e) use or occupation of any part of WUS by the Principal, the Main Contractor or the consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the Subcontractor) of either of them; and
- (f) defects in the design of WUS, including the preliminary design provided by the Main Contractor, as is not warranted under clause 2.

15 Damage to persons and property other than WUS

15.1 Indemnity by Subcontractor

Insofar as this subclause applies to property, it applies to property other than WUS.

The Subcontractor shall indemnify the Main Contractor against:

(a) loss of or damage to the *Principal's* or the *Main Contractor's* property including existing property in or upon which WUS is being carried out; and

(b) claims in respect of personal injury or death or loss of, or damage to, any other property,

arising out of or as a consequence of the carrying out of WUS, but the indemnity shall be reduced proportionally to the extent that the act or omission of the Superintendent, the Principal, the Subcontract Superintendent, the Main Contractor or the consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the Subcontractor) of the Principal or the Main Contractor may have contributed to the injury, death, loss or damage.

This subclause shall not apply to:

- (a) the extent that the Subcontractor's liability is limited by another provision of the Subcontract;
- (b) exclude any other right of the *Principal* or the *Main Contractor* to be indemnified by the *Subcontractor*;
- (c) things for the care of which the Subcontractor's responsible under subclause 14.1;
- (d) damage which is the unavoidable result of the construction of the Subcontract Works in accordance with the Subcontract; and
- (e) claims in respect of the Main Contractor's right to have WUS carried out.

15.2 Indemnity by Main Contractor

The Main Contractor shall indemnify the Subcontractor in respect of damage referred to in paragraph (d) of subclause 15.1 and claims referred to in paragraph (e) of subclause 15.1.

16A Insurance of the Subcontract Works

Before the date of acceptance of tender, the Main Contractor shall ensure that there is in force a policy of insurance in relation to loss or damage to WUS in the terms of the policy or proposed policy included in the documents on which the Subcontractor tendered or, if not so included, a copy of which was provided to the Subcontractor following receipt by the Main Contractor of a written request by the Subcontractor for a copy of the policy. The policy or proposed policy shall nominate or state the name of the insurer. The Main Contractor shall ensure that the policy is maintained while ever the Subcontractor has an interest in WUS and that all premiums are paid thereon.

16B Professional indemnity insurance

Before commencing WUS, the Subcontractor shall effect and maintain professional indemnity insurance with levels of cover not less than stated in Item 28(a).

The insurance shall be maintained until the *final certificate* is issued and thereafter for the period stated in *Item* 28(b).

The Subcontractor shall ensure that every Subcontractor's consultant, if within a category stated in Item 28(c), shall effect and maintain professional indemnity insurance with levels of cover not less than stated in Item 28(c) applicable to that category.

Each such Subcontractor's consultant's professional indemnity insurance shall be maintained until the *final certificate* is issued and thereafter for the period as stated in *Item* 28(d).

17 Public liability insurance

The Alternative in *Item* 29(a) applies.

Alternative 1: Main Contractor to insure

Before the date of acceptance of tender, the Main Contractor shall ensure that there is in force in relation to WUS, a public liability policy in the terms of the policy or proposed policy included in the documents on which the Subcontractor tendered or, if not so included, a copy of which was provided to the Subcontractor following receipt by the Main Contractor of a written request from the Subcontractor for a copy of the policy. The policy or proposed policy shall nominate or state the name of the insurer. The Main Contractor shall ensure that the policy is maintained while ever the Subcontractor has an interest in WUS and that all premiums are paid thereon.

Alternative 2: Subcontractor to insure

Before commencing WUS, the Subcontractor shall effect and maintain for the duration of the Subcontract, a public liability policy.

The policy shall:

- be in the joint names of the *Principal*, the Main Contractor and the Subcontractor;
- (b) cover the:
 - (i) respective rights and interests; and
 - liabilities to third parties; (ii)
 - of the parties, the Principal, Superintendent, Subcontract Superintendent, Subcontractor's consultants and secondary subcontractors from time to time, whenever engaged in WUS;
- cover the parties' respective liability to each other for loss or damage to property (c) (other than property required to be insured by clause 16A) and the death of or injury to any person (other than highlity which the law requires to be covered under a workers compensation insurance policy);
- be endorsed to cover the use of any construction plant not covered under a (d) comprehensive or third party motor vehicle insurance policy;
- provide insurance cover for an amount in respect of any one occurrence of not less (e) than the sum in Item 29(b); and
- be with an insurer and otherwise in terms both approved in writing by the Main (f) Contractor (which approvals shall not be unreasonably withheld).

18 Insurance of employees

Before commencing, WUS, the Subcontractor shall insure against statutory and common law liability for death of or injury to persons employed by the Subcontractor. The insurance cover shall be maintained until completion of all WUS.

Where permitted by law, the insurance policy or policies shall be extended to provide indemnity for the Main Contractor's statutory liability to the Subcontractor's employees.

The Subcontractor shall ensure that all Subcontractor's consultants and secondary subcontractors have similarly insured their employees.

19 Inspection and provisions of insurance policies

19.1 Proof of insurance

Before the *Subcontractor* commences *WUS* and whenever requested in writing by the other party, a party liable to insure shall provide satisfactory evidence of such insurance effected and maintained.

Insurance shall not limit liabilities or obligations under other provisions of the Subcontract.

19.2 Failure to produce proof of insurance

If after being so requested, a party liable to insure fails promptly to provide evidence of satisfactory compliance, then without prejudice to other rights or remedies, the other party may insure and the cost thereof shall be certified by the *Subcontract Superintendent* as moneys due and payable from the party in default to the other party. Where the defaulting party is the *Subcontractor*, the *Main Contractor* may refuse payment until such evidence is produced by the *Subcontractor*.

19.3 Notices from or to insurer

The Subcontractor insuring under Alternative 2 of clause 17 shall ensure that the insurance policy contains provisions acceptable to the Main Contractor which:

- (a) requires the insurer to inform both parties, whenever the insurer gives a party or a *Subcontractor's consultant* or a *secondary subcontractor* a notice in connection with the policy;
- (b) provides that a notice of claim given to the insurer by either party, the Subcontract Superintendent, a Subcontractor's consultant or a secondary subcontractor shall be accepted by the insurer as a notice of claim given by both parties, the Subcontract Superintendent, the Subcontractor's consultant and the secondary subcontractor; and
- (c) requires the insurer, whenever the *Subcontractor* fails to maintain the policy, promptly to give written notice thereof to both parties and prior to cancellation of the policy.

19.4 Notices of potential claims

A party shall, as soon as practicable, inform the other party in writing of any occurrence affecting or arising out of WUS that may give rise to a claim under an insurance policy required by clause 16A or 17 and shall keep the other party informed of subsequent developments concerning the claim. The Subcontractor shall ensure that Subcontractor's consultants and secondary subcontractors in respect of their operations similarly inform the parties.

19.5 Settlement of claims

Upon settlement of a claim under the insurance required by clause 16A:

- (a) to the extent that reinstatement has been the subject of a payment or allowance by the *Main Contractor* to the *Subcontractor*, if the *Subcontractor* has not completed such reinstatement, insurance moneys received shall, if requested by either party, be paid into an agreed bank account in the joint names of the parties. As the *Subcontractor* reinstates the loss or damage, the *Subcontract Superintendent* shall certify against the joint account for the cost of reinstatement; and
- (b) to the extent that reinstatement has not been the subject of a payment or allowance by the *Main Contractor* to the *Subcontractor*, the *Subcontractor* shall be entitled

immediately to receive from insurance moneys received, the amount of such moneys so paid in relation to any loss suffered by the Subcontractor.

19.6 Cross liability

Any insurance required to be effected in joint names in accordance with the Subcontract shall include a cross liability clause in which the insurer agrees to waive all rights of subrogation or action against any of the persons constituting the insured and for the purpose of which the insurer accepts the term 'insured' as applying to each of the persons constituting the insured as if a separate policy of insurance had been issued to each of them (subject always to the overall sum insured not being increased thereby).

20 Subcontract Superintendent

The Main Contractor shall ensure that at all times there is a Subcontract Superintendent, and that the Subcontract Superintendent fulfils all aspects of the role and functions reasonably and in good faith.

Except where the Subcontract otherwise provides, the Subcontract Superintendent may give a direction orally but shall as soon as practicable confirm it in writing. If the Subcontractor in writing requests the Subcontract Superintendent to confirm an oral direction, the Subcontractor shall not be bound to comply with the Airection until the Subcontract Superintendent does so.

21 Subcontract Superintendent's Representative

The Subcontract Superintendent may from time to time appoint individuals to exercise delegated Subcontract Superintendent's functions, provided that:

- no aspect of any function shall at any one time be the subject of delegation to more than one Subcontract Superintendent's Representative;
- delegation shall not prevent the Subcontract Superintendent exercising any function; (b)
- the Subcontract Superintendent forthwith gives the Subcontractor written notice of respectively:
 - the appointment, including the Subcontract Superintendent's Representative's (i) name and delegated functions; and
 - the termination of each appointment; and (ii)
- if the Subcontractor makes a reasonable objection to the appointment of a (d) Subcontract Superintendent's Representative, the Subcontract Superintendent shall terminate the appointment.

The Subcontractor shall forthwith notify the Subcontract Superintendent if the Subcontractor receives a purported direction from other than the Subcontract Superintendent, the Main Contractor or those authorised by either of them.

22 Subcontractor's representative

The Subcontractor shall superintend WUS personally or by a competent representative. Matters within a Subcontractor's representative's knowledge (including directions received) shall be deemed to be within the Subcontractor's knowledge.

The Subcontractor shall forthwith give the Subcontract Superintendent written notice of the representative's name and any subsequent changes.

If the Subcontract Superintendent makes a reasonable objection to the appointment of a representative, the Subcontractor shall terminate the appointment and appoint another representative.

23 Subcontractor's employees and secondary subcontractors

The Subcontract Superintendent may direct the Subcontractor to have removed, within a stated time, from the site or from any activity of WUS, any person employed on WUS who, in the Subcontract Superintendent's opinion, is incompetent, negligent or guilty of misconduct.

24 Site

24.1 Access and non-exclusive possession

Before the expiry of the time stated in *Item* 30(a), the *Main Contractor* shall give the *Subcontractor* access to the *site* sufficient to enable the *Subcontractor* to commence and carry out the *Subcontractor's design obligations*.

Provided the Subcontractor has complied with subclause 19.1, the Main Contractor shall before the expiry of the time in Item 30(b), give the Subcontractor non-exclusive possession of sufficient of the site for commencement of WVS on site. If the Main Contractor has not given the Subcontractor non-exclusive possession of the site to enable the Subcontractor to carry out all of WUS, the Main Contractor shall give the Subcontractor non-exclusive possession of such further portions of the site as may, from time to time, be necessary for carrying out WUS. Subject to subclause 39.7, delay by the Main Contractor in giving possession shall not be a breach of the Subcontract.

Non-exclusive possession of the *site* shall confer on the *Subcontractor* a right to only such use and control as is necessary to enable the *Subcontractor* to carry out *WUS* and shall exclude camping, residential purposes and any purpose not connected with *WUS*, unless approved by the *Subcontract Superintendent*.

24.2 Access for Main Contractor and others

The Main Contractor and the Main Contractor's employees, consultants and agents may at any reasonable time have access to any part of the site for any purpose. The Subcontractor shall permit persons engaged by the Main Contractor to carry out work on the site other than WUS and shall cooperate with them.

The Subcontractor shall at all reasonable times give the Subcontract Superintendent and the Superintendent access to WUS

The Main Contractor shall ensure that none of the persons referred to in this subclause impedes the Subcontractor

24.3 Minerals, fossils and relics

Valuable minerals, fossils, articles or objects of antiquity or of anthropological or archaeological interest, treasure trove, coins and articles of value found on the *site* shall as between the parties be and remain the property of the *Main Contractor*. Immediately upon the discovery of these things the *Subcontractor* shall:

- (a) take precautions to prevent their loss, removal or damage; and
- (b) give the Subcontract Superintendent written notice of the discovery.

All costs so incurred by the *Subcontractor* shall be assessed by the *Subcontract Superintendent* and added to the *subcontract sum*.

25 Latent conditions

25.1 Scope

Latent conditions are physical conditions on the *site* and its near surrounds, including artificial things but excluding weather conditions, which differ materially from the physical conditions which should reasonably have been anticipated by a competent subcontractor at the time of the *Subcontractor* 's tender if the *Subcontractor* had inspected:

- (a) all written information made available by the Main Contractor to the Subcontractor for the purpose of tendering;
- (b) all information influencing the risk allocation in the Subcontractor's tender and reasonably obtainable by the making of reasonable enquiries; and
- (c) the *site* and its near surrounds.

25.2 Notification

The Subcontractor, upon becoming aware of a latent condition while carrying out WUS, shall promptly, and where possible before the latent condition is disturbed, give the Subcontract Superintendent written notice of the general nature thereof.

If required by the *Subcontract Superintendent* promptly after receiving that notice, the *Subcontractor* shall, as soon as practicable, give the *Subcontract Superintendent* a written statement of:

- (a) the *latent condition* encountered and the respects in which it differs materially;
- (b) the additional work, resources, time and cost which the Subcontractor estimates to be necessary to deal with the latent condition; and
- (c) other details reasonably required by the Subcontract Superintendent.

25.3 Deemed variation

The effect of the *latent condition* shall be a deemed *variation*, priced having no regard to additional cost incurred more than 21 days before the date on which the *Subcontractor* gave the notice required by the first paragraph of subclause 25.2 but so as to include the *Subcontractor's* other costs for each compliance with subclause 25.2.

26 Setting out the Subcontract Works

26.1 Setting out

The Main Contractor shall ensure that the Subcontract Superintendent gives the Subcontractor the data, survey marks and like information necessary for the Subcontractor to set out the Subcontract Works, together with those survey marks specified in the Subcontract. Thereupon the Subcontractor shall set out the Subcontract Works in accordance with the Subcontract.

26.2 Errors in setting out

The Subcontractor shall rectify every error in the position, level, dimensions or alignment of any WUS after promptly notifying the Subcontract Superintendent and unless the Subcontract Superintendent within 3 days directs otherwise.

If the error was caused by incorrect data, *survey marks* or information given by the *Subcontract Superintendent*, the cost incurred by the *Subcontractor* in rectifying the error shall be assessed by the *Subcontract Superintendent* and added to the *subcontract sum*.

26.3 Care of survey marks

The Subcontractor shall keep in their true positions all survey marks supplied by the Subcontract Superintendent.

The Subcontractor shall reinstate any survey mark disturbed, after promptly notifying the Subcontract Superintendent and unless the Subcontract Superintendent within 3 days directs otherwise.

If the disturbance was caused a person referred to in subclause 24.2 other than the *Subcontractor*, the cost incurred by the *Subcontractor* in reinstating the *survey mark* shall be assessed by the *Subcontract Superintendent* and added to the *subcontract sum*.

27 Cleaning up

The Subcontractor shall keep the site and WUS clean and tidy and regularly remove rubbish and surplus material.

Within 14 days after the date of practical completion, the Subcontractor shall remove temporary works and construction plant. The Subcontract Superintendent may extend the time to enable the Subcontractor to perform remaining obligations.

If the Subcontractor fails to comply with the preceding obligations in this clause, the Subcontract Superintendent may direct the Subcontractor to rectify the non-compliance and the time for rectification.

If:

- (a) the Subcontractor fails to comply with such a direction; and
- (b) that failure has not been made good within 3 days after the Subcontractor receives written notice from the Subcontract Superintendent that the Main Contractor intends to have the subject work carried out by others,

the *Main Contractor* may have that work so carried out and the *Subcontract Superintendent* shall certify the cost incurred as moneys due from the *Subcontractor* to the *Main Contractor*. The rights given by this paragraph are additional to any other rights and remedies.

28 Materials, labour and construction plant

Except where the *Subcontract* otherwise provides, the *Subcontractor* shall supply everything necessary for the proper performance of the *Subcontractor's* obligations and discharge of the *Subcontractor's* habilities.

In respect of any materials, machinery or equipment to be supplied by the Subcontractor in connection with the Subcontract, the Subcontract Superintendent may direct the Subcontractor to:

- supply particulars of the mode and place of manufacture, the source of supply, the performance capacities and other related information; and
- (b) arrange reasonable inspection at such place or sources by the Subcontract Superintendent, the Main Contractor and persons authorised by the Main Contractor.

The Subcontract Superintendent may give the Subcontractor a written direction not to remove materials or construction plant from the site. Thereafter the Subcontractor shall not remove them without the Subcontract Superintendent's prior written approval (which shall not be unreasonably withheld).

29 Quality

29.1 Quality of material and work

Unless otherwise provided the *Subcontractor* shall use suitable new materials and proper and tradesmanlike workmanship.

* 29.2 Quality assurance

If the Subcontract elsewhere requires further quality assurance, the Subcontractor shall:

- (a) plan, establish and maintain a conforming quality system; and
- (b) ensure that the *Superintendent* and the *Subcontract Superintendent* have access to the quality system of the *Subcontractor* and *secondary subcontractors* so as to enable monitoring and quality auditing.

Any such quality system shall be used only as an aid to achieving compliance with the *Subcontract* and to document such compliance. Such system shall not discharge the *Subcontractor's* other obligations under the *Subcontract*.

29.3 Defective work

If the Subcontract Superintendent becomes aware of work done (including material provided) by the Subcontractor which does not comply with the Subcontract, the Subcontract Superintendent shall as soon as practicable give the Subcontractor written details thereof. If the subject work has not been rectified, the Subcontract Superintendent may direct the Subcontractor to do any one or more of the following (including times for commencement and completion):

- (a) remove the material from the site;
- (b) demolish the work;
- (c) redesign, reconstruct, replace or correct the work; and
- (d) not deliver it to the site.

If:

- (a) the Subcontractor fails to comply with such a direction; and
- (b) that failure has not been made good within 5 days after the Subcontractor receives written notice from the Subcontract Superintendent that the Main Contractor intends to have the subject work rectified by others,

the Main Contractor may have that work so rectified and the Subcontract Superintendent shall certify the cost incurred as moneys due from the Subcontractor to the Main Contractor.

29.4 Acceptance of defective work

Instead of a direction pursuant to subclause 29.3, the Subcontract Superintendent may direct the Subcontractor that the Main Contractor elects to accept the subject work, whereupon there shall be a deemed variation.

^{*} See Preface

29.5 Timing

The Subcontract Superintendent may give a direction pursuant to this clause at any time before the expiry of the last defects liability period.

30 Examination and testing

30.1 Tests

At any time before the expiry of the last defects liability period, the Subcontract Superintendent may direct that any WUS be tested. The Subcontractor shall give such assistance and samples and make accessible such parts of WUS as may be directed by the Subcontract Superintendent.

30.2 Covering up

The Subcontract Superintendent may direct that any part of WUS shall not be covered up or made inaccessible without the Subcontract Superintendent's prior written direction.

30.3 Who conducts

Tests shall be conducted as provided elsewhere in the Subcontract or by the Subcontract Superintendent or a person (which may include the Subcontractor) nominated by the Subcontract Superintendent.

30.4 Notice

The Subcontract Superintendent or the Subcontractor (whichever is to conduct the test) shall give reasonable written notice to the other of the date, time and place of the test. If the other does not attend, the test may nevertheless proceed.

30.5 Delay

Without prejudice to any other right, if the Subcontractor or the Subcontract Superintendent delays in conducting a test, the other, after giving reasonable written notice of intention to do so, may conduct the test.

30.6 Completion and results

On completion of the tests, the Subcontractor shall make good WUS so that it fully complies with the Subcontract.

Results of *tests* shall be promptly made available by each party to the other and to the *Subcontract Superintendent*.

30.7 Costs

Costs in connection with testing pursuant to this clause shall be borne by the *Main Contractor* except where the *Subcontract* otherwise provides or the *test* is consequent upon, or reveals a failure of the *Subcontractor* to comply with the *Subcontract* (including this clause).

31 Working hours

If the working hours and working days on the *site* are not stated elsewhere in the *Subcontract*, they shall be as notified by the *Main Contractor* to the *Subcontractor* before commencement of *work* on *site*. They shall not be varied without the *Subcontract Superintendent's* prior written approval, except when, in the interests of safety of persons or property, the *Subcontractor* finds it necessary to carry out *WUS* otherwise, whereupon the

Subcontractor shall give the Subcontract Superintendent written notice of those circumstances as early as possible.

32 Programming

The *Subcontract Superintendent* shall give to the *Subcontractor* the information, materials, documents and instructions by the times or within the periods both stated in *Item* 31.

The Subcontractor shall give the Subcontract Superintendent reasonable advance notice of when the Subcontractor needs other information, materials, documents or instructions from the Subcontract Superintendent or the Main Contractor.

The Main Contractor and the Subcontract Superintendent shall not be obliged to give any information, materials, documents or instructions earlier than the Main Contractor or the Subcontract Superintendent, as the case may be, should reasonably have anticipated at the date of acceptance of tender.

The Subcontractor shall co-operate with the Main Contractor's other subcontractors and with others engaged by the Main Contractor or the Principal and subject to the Main Contractor being responsible for the overall co-ordination of WUS into the work under the main contract, the Main Contractor and the Subcontractor shall co-ordinate WUS with the work under the main contract.

The Subcontract Superintendent may direct in what order and at what time the various stages or portions of WUS shall be carried out. If the Subcontractor can reasonably comply with the direction, the Subcontractor shall do so If the Subcontractor cannot reasonably comply, the Subcontractor shall give the Subcontract Superintendent written notice of the reasons.

A Subcontractor's program is a written statement showing the dates by which, or the times within which, the various stages or portions of WUS are to be carried out or completed. It shall be deemed a Subcontract document.

The Subcontract Superintendent may direct the Subcontractor to give the Subcontract Superintendent a Subcontractor's program within the time and in the form directed.

The Subcontractor shall not, without reasonable cause, depart from a Subcontractor's program.

If compliance with any such directions under this clause, except those pursuant to the Subcontractor's default, causes the Subcontractor to incur more or less cost than otherwise would have been incurred had the Subcontractor not been given the direction, the difference shall be assessed by the Subcontract Superintendent and added to or deducted from the subcontract sum.

33 Suspension

33.1 Subcontract Superintendent's suspension

The Subcontract Superintendent may direct the Subcontractor to suspend the carrying out of the whole or part of WUS for such time as the Subcontract Superintendent thinks fit, if the Subcontract Superintendent is of the opinion that it is necessary:

- (a) because of an act, default or omission of:
 - (i) the Subcontract Superintendent, the Main Contractor or its employees, consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the Subcontractor); or
 - (ii) the Subcontractor, a Subcontractor's consultant, a secondary subcontractor or the employees or agents of any of them;

- (b) for the protection or safety of any person or property;
- (c) to comply with a court order;
- (d) because of a main contract dispute; or
- (e) because suspension of work under the *main contract*, in the *Subcontract Superintendent's* opinion, prevents WUS.

33.2 Subcontractor's suspension

If the Subcontractor wishes to suspend the carrying out of the whole or part of WUS, otherwise than pursuant to subclause 39.9, the Subcontractor shall obtain the Subcontract Superintendent's prior written approval. The Subcontract Superintendent may approve the suspension and may impose conditions of approval.

33.3 Recommencement

As soon as the *Subcontract Superintendent* becomes aware that the reason for any suspension no longer exists, the *Subcontract Superintendent* shall direct the *Subcontractor* to recommence suspended *WUS* as soon as reasonably practicable.

The Subcontractor may recommence WUS suspended pursuant to subclause 33.2 or 39.9 at any time after reasonable notice to the Subcontract Superintendent.

33.4 Cost

The Subcontractor shall bear the cost of suspension pursuant to paragraph (a)(ii) of subclause 33.1 and subclause 33.2. If the Subcontractor made the protection, safety, court order or suspension of work necessary, the Subcontractor shall bear the cost of suspension pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subclause 33.1. If the Subcontractor otherwise incurs more or less cost than otherwise would have been incurred, the difference shall be assessed by the Subcontract Superintendent and added to or deducted from the subcontract sum.

34 Time and progress

34.1 Progress

The Subcontractor shall ensure that WUS reaches practical completion by the date for practical completion.

34.2 Notice of delay

A party becoming aware of anything which will probably cause delay to WUS shall promptly give the Subcontract Superintendent and the other party written notice of that cause and the estimated delay.

34.3 Claim

The Subcontractor shall be entitled to such extension of time for carrying out WUS (including reaching practical completion) as the Subcontract Superintendent assesses ('EOT'), if:

- (a) the Subcontractor is or will be delayed in reaching practical completion by a qualifying cause of delay; and
- (b) the Subcontractor gives the Subcontract Superintendent, within 21 days of when the Subcontractor should reasonably have become aware of that causation occurring, a written claim for an EOT evidencing the facts of causation and of the delay to WUS (including extent).

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If further delay results from a *qualifying cause of delay* evidenced in a claim under paragraph (b) of this subclause, the *Subcontractor* shall claim an *EOT* for such delay by promptly giving the *Subcontract Superintendent* a written claim evidencing the facts of that delay.

34.4 Assessment

When both non-qualifying and qualifying causes of delay overlap, the Subcontract Superintendent shall apportion the resulting delay to WUS according to the respective causes' contribution.

In assessing each EOT the Subcontract Superintendent shall disregard questions of whether:

- (a) WUS can nevertheless reach practical completion without an EOT; or
- (b) the Subcontractor can accelerate,

but shall have regard to what prevention and mitigation of the delay has not been effected by the Subcontractor.

34.5 Extension of time

Within 35 days after receiving the Subcontractor's claim for an EOT, the Subcontract Superintendent shall give to the Subcontractor and the Main Contractor a written direction evidencing the EOT so assessed. If the Subcontract Superintendent does not do so, there shall be a deemed assessment and direction for an EOT as claimed.

Notwithstanding that the Subcontractor is not entitled to or has not claimed an EOT, the Subcontract Superintendent may at any time and from time to time before issuing the final certificate direct an EOT.

34.6 Practical completion

The Subcontractor shall give the Subcontract Superintendent at least 14 days written notice of the date upon which the Subcontractor anticipates that practical completion will be reached

When the Subcontractor is of the opinion that practical completion has been reached, the Subcontractor shall in writing request the Subcontract Superintendent to issue a certificate of practical completion. Within 14 days after receiving the request, the Subcontract Superintendent shall give the Subcontractor and the Main Contractor either a certificate of practical completion evidencing the date of practical completion or written reasons for not doing so.

If the Subcontract Superintendent is of the opinion that practical completion has been reached, the Subcontract Superintendent may issue a certificate of practical completion even though no request has been made.

34.7 Liquidated damages

If WUS does not reach practical completion by the date for practical completion, the Subcontract Superintendent shall certify, as due and payable to the Main Contractor, liquidated damages in Item 33(a) for every day after the date for practical completion to and including the earliest of the date of practical completion or termination of the Subcontract or the Main Contractor taking WUS out of the hands of the Subcontractor.

If an EOT is directed after the Subcontractor has paid or the Main Contractor has set off liquidated damages under the Subcontract, the Main Contractor shall forthwith repay to the Subcontractor such of those liquidated damages as represent the days the subject of the EOT.

34.7A Indemnity

If:

- (a) the *main contract works* do not reach practical completion by their date for practical completion; and
- (b) the reason therefor is caused by the Subcontractor's delay in completing WUS,

the Subcontractor shall indemnify the Main Contractor against:

- (c) liquidated damages under the main contract stated in Item 33(b) certified by the Superintendent; and
- (d) damages, other than liquidated damages, which have become due and payable by the *Main Contractor* to the *Principal*.

If the Subcontractor's delay is not the sole cause of the Main Contractor's liability for damages, the Subcontractor shall indemnify the Main Contractor only in proportion to the Subcontractor's delay, which shall be certified by the Subcontract Superintendent as moneys due to the Main Contractor by the Subcontractor.

If after the Subcontractor has paid or the Main Contractor has set off liquidated damages, the Superintendent directs an EOT for the cause of the Subcontractor's delay, the Main Contractor shall forthwith repay to the Subcontractor such of those liquidated damages as represent the days the subject of the EOT.

The *Subcontractor's* indebtedness under this subclause is not included in the liquidated damages applicable to subclause 34.7.

34.8 Bonus for early practical completion

If the date of practical completion is earlier than the date for practical completion the Subcontract Superintendent shall certify as due and payable to the Subcontractor the bonus in Item 34(a) for every day after the date of practical completion to and including the date for practical completion.

The Subcontractor hereby waives that part of a bonus exceeding the Item 34(b) amount.

34.9 Delay damages

For every day the subject of an EOT for a compensable cause and for which the Subcontractor gives the Subcontract Superintendent a claim for delay damages pursuant to subclause 41.1, damages certified by the Subcontract Superintendent under subclause 41.3 shall be due and payable to the Subcontractor.

35 Defects liability

The defects liability period stated in *Item* 36 shall commence on the date of practical completion at 4:00 pm.

If the date of expiry of the defects liability period is the same as the date of expiry of the defects liability period under the main contract, the Subcontract Superintendent shall, within 14 days of becoming aware of the date of expiry of the defects liability period under the main contract, inform the Subcontractor in writing of that date.

The Subcontractor shall carry out rectification at times and in a manner causing as little inconvenience to the occupants or users of the Subcontract Works as is reasonably possible.

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As soon as possible after the date of practical completion, the Subcontractor shall rectify all defects existing at the date of practical completion.

During the defects liability period, the Subcontract Superintendent may give the Subcontractor a direction to rectify a defect which:

- (a) shall identify the *defect* and the date for completion of its rectification; and
- (b) may state a date for commencement of the rectification and whether there shall be a separate *defects liability period* therefor (not exceeding 12 months, commencing at 4:00 pm on the date the rectification is completed and governed by this clause).

If the rectification is not commenced or completed by the stated dates, the Main Contractor may have the rectification carried out by others but without prejudice to any other rights and remedies the Main Contractor may have. The cost thereby incurred shall be certified by the Subcontract Superintendent as moneys due and payable to the Main Contractor.

36 Variations

36.1 Directing variations

The Subcontractor shall not vary WUS except as directed in writing.

The Subcontract Superintendent, before the date of practical completion, may direct the Subcontractor to vary WUS by any one or more of the following which is nevertheless of a character and extent contemplated by, and capable of being carried out under, the provisions of the Subcontract (including being within the warranties in subclause 2.2):

- (a) increase, decrease or omit any part;
- (b) change the character or quality;
- (c) change the levels, lines, positions or dimensions;
- (d) carry out additional work;
- (e) demolish or remove material or work no longer required by the Main Contractor.

36.2 Proposed variations

The Subcontract Superintendent may give the Subcontractor written notice of a proposed variation.

The Subcontractor shall as soon as practicable after receiving such notice, notify the Subcontract Superintendent whether the proposed variation can be effected, together with, if it can be effected, the Subcontractor's estimate of the:

- (a) effect on the Subcontractor's program (including the date for practical completion); and
- (b) cost (including all warranties and time-related costs, if any) of the proposed variation.

The Subcontract Superintendent may direct the Subcontractor to give a detailed quotation for the proposed variation supported by measurements or other evidence of cost.

The Subcontractor's costs for each compliance with this subclause shall be certified by the Subcontract Superintendent as moneys due to the Subcontractor.

36.3 Variations for convenience of Subcontractor

If the Subcontractor requests the Subcontract Superintendent to direct a variation for the convenience of the Subcontractor, the Subcontract Superintendent may do so. The direction

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shall be written and may be conditional. Unless the *direction* provides otherwise, the *Subcontractor* shall be entitled to neither extra time nor extra money.

36.4 Pricing

The Subcontract Superintendent shall, as soon as possible, price each variation using the following order of precedence:

- (a) prior agreement;
- (b) applicable rates or prices in the Subcontract;
- (c) rates or prices in a priced bill of quantities, schedule of rates or schedule of prices, even though not Subcontract documents, to the extent that it is reasonable to use them; and
- (d) reasonable rates or prices, which shall include a reasonable amount for profit and overheads,

and any deductions shall include a reasonable amount for profit but not overheads.

That price shall be added to or deducted from the *subcontract sum*.

37 Payment

37.1 Progress claims

The Subcontractor shall claim payment progressively in accordance with Item 37.

An early progress claim shall be deemed to have been made on the date for making that claim.

Each progress claim shall be given in writing to the Subcontract Superintendent and shall include details of the value of WUS done and may include details of other moneys then due to the Subcontractor pursuant to provisions of the Subcontract.

37.2 Certificates

The Subcontract Superintendent shall, within 21 days after receiving such a progress claim, issue to the Main Contractor and the Subcontractor:

- (a) a progress certificate evidencing the Subcontract Superintendent's opinion of the moneys due from the Main Contractor to the Subcontractor pursuant to the progress claim and reasons for any difference ('progress certificate'); and
- (b) a certificate evidencing the Subcontract Superintendent's assessment of retention moneys and moneys due from the Subcontractor to the Main Contractor pursuant to the Subcontract.

If the Subcontractor does not make a progress claim in accordance with Item 37, the Subcontract Superintendent may issue the progress certificate with details of the calculations and shall issue the certificate in paragraph (b).

If the Subcontract Superintendent does not issue the progress certificate within 21 days of receiving a progress claim in accordance with subclause 37.1, that progress claim shall be deemed to be the relevant progress certificate.

The Main Contractor shall within 7 days after receiving both such certificates, or within 28 days after the Subcontract Superintendent receives the progress claim, pay to the Subcontractor the balance of the progress certificate after deducting retention moneys and setting off such of the certificate in paragraph (b) as the Main Contractor elects to set off. If that setting off produces a negative balance, the Subcontractor shall pay that balance to the Main Contractor within 7 days of receiving written notice thereof.

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Neither a *progress certificate* nor a payment of moneys shall be evidence that the subject *WUS* has been carried out satisfactorily. Payment other than *final payment* shall be payment on account only.

37.3 Unfixed plant and materials

The *Main Contractor* shall not be liable to pay for unfixed plant and materials unless they are listed in *Item* 38 and the *Subcontractor*:

- (a) provides the additional security in Item 19(e); and
- (b) satisfies the Subcontract Superintendent that the subject plant and materials have been paid for, properly stored and protected, and labelled the property of the Main Contractor.

Upon payment to the *Subcontractor* and the release of any additional *security* in paragraph (a), the subject plant and materials shall be the unencumbered property of the *Main Contractor*.

37.4 Final payment claim and certificate

Within 21 days after the expiry of the last defects liability period, the Subcontractor shall give the Subcontract Superintendent a written final payment claim endorsed 'Final Payment Claim' being a progress claim together with all other claims whatsoever in connection with the subject matter of the Subcontract.

Within 49 days after the expiry of the last defects liability period, the Subcontract Superintendent shall issue to both the Subcontractor and the Main Contractor a final certificate evidencing the moneys finally due and payable between the Subcontractor and the Main Contractor on any account whatsoever in connection with the subject matter of the Subcontract.

Those moneys certified as due and payable shall be paid by the *Main Contractor* or the *Subcontractor*, as the case may be, within 7 days after the debtor receives the *final certificate*.

The *final certificate* shall be conclusive evidence of accord and satisfaction, and in discharge of each party's obligations in connection with the subject matter of the *Subcontract* except for:

- (a) fraud or dishonesty relating to WUS or any part thereof or to any matter dealt with in the final certificate;
- (b) any defect or omission in the Subcontract Works or any part thereof which was not apparent at the end of the last defects liability period, or which would not have been disclosed upon reasonable inspection at the time of the issue of the final certificate;
- (c) any accidental or erroneous inclusion or exclusion of any work or figures in any computation or an arithmetical error in any computation; and
- (d) unresolved issues the subject of any notice of *dispute* pursuant to clause 42, served before the 7th day after the issue of the *final certificate*.

37.5 Interest

Interest in *Item* 39 shall be due and payable after the date of default in payment.

37.6 Other moneys due

The *Main Contractor* may elect that moneys due and owing otherwise than in connection with the subject matter of the *Subcontract* also be due to the *Main Contractor* pursuant to the *Subcontract*.

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38 Payment of workers, Subcontractor's consultants and secondary subcontractors

38.1 Workers, Subcontractor's consultants and secondary subcontractors

The *Subcontractor* shall give in respect of a progress claim, documentary evidence of the payment of moneys due and payable to:

- (a) workers of the Subcontractor and of the secondary subcontractors;
- (b) Subcontractor's consultants; and
- (c) secondary subcontractors,

in respect of WUS the subject of that claim.

If the Subcontractor is unable to give such documentary evidence, the Subcontractor shall give other documentary evidence of the moneys so due and payable to workers, Subcontractor's consultants and secondary subcontractors.

Documentary evidence, except where the *Subcontract* otherwise provides, shall be to the *Subcontract Superintendent's* satisfaction.

38.2 Withholding payment

Subject to the next paragraph, the *Main Contractor* may withhold moneys certified due and payable in respect of the progress claim until the *Subcontractor* complies with subclause 38.1.

The Main Contractor shall not withhold payment of such moneys in excess of the moneys evidenced pursuant to subclause 38.1 as due and payable to workers, Subcontractor's consultants and secondary subcontractor's.

38.3 Direct payment

Before *final payment*, the *Main Contractor*, if not aware of a relevant relation-back day (as defined in the Corporations Law) may pay annaid moneys the subject of subclause 38.1 directly to a worker, *Subcontractor's consultant* or a *secondary subcontractor* where:

- (a) permitted by law;
- (b) given a court order in favour of the worker, Subcontractor's consultant or secondary subcontractor; or
- (c) requested in writing by the Subcontractor.

Such payment and a payment made to a worker, Subcontractor's consultant or secondary subcontractor in compliance with a legislative requirement shall be deemed to be part-satisfaction of the Main Contractor's obligation to pay pursuant to subclause 37.2 or 37.4, as the case may be.

39 Default or insolvency

39.1 Preservation of other rights

If a party breaches (including repudiates) the *Subcontract*, nothing in this clause shall prejudice the right of the other party to recover damages or exercise any other right or remedy.

39.2 Subcontractor's default

If the *Subcontractor* commits a substantial breach of the *Subcontract*, the *Main Contractor* may, by hand or by registered post, give the *Subcontractor* a written notice to show cause.

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Substantial breaches include, but are not limited to:

- (a) failing to:
 - (i) perform properly the Subcontractor's design obligations;
 - (ii) provide security;
 - (iii) provide evidence of insurance;
 - (iv) comply with a direction of the Subcontract Superintendent pursuant to subclause 29.3; or
 - (v) use the materials or standards of work required by the Subcontract;
- (b) wrongful suspension of work;
- (c) substantial departure from a *Subcontractor's program* without reasonable cause or the *Subcontract Superintendent's* approval;
- (d) where there is no Subcontractor's program, failing to proceed with due expedition and without delay; and
- (e) in respect of clause 38, knowingly providing documentary evidence containing an untrue statement.

39.3 Main Contractor's notice to show cause

A notice under subclause 39.2 shall state:

- (a) that it is a notice under clause 39 of these Subcontract Conditions;
- (b) the alleged substantial breach;
- (c) that the *Subcontractor* is required to show cause in writing why the *Main Contractor* should not exercise a right referred to in subclause 39.4;
- (d) the date and time by which the *Subcontractor* must show cause (which shall not be less than 7 clear days after the notice is received by the *Subcontractor*); and
- (e) the place at which cause must be shown.

39.4 Main Contractor's rights

If the Subcontractor fails to show reasonable cause by the stated date and time, the Main Contractor may by written notice to the Subcontractor:

- (a) take out of the *Subcontractor's* hands the whole or part of the *work* remaining to be completed and suspend payment until it becomes due and payable pursuant to subclause 39.6; or
- (b) terminate the Subcontract.

39.5 Take out

The Main Contractor's hall complete work taken out of the Subcontractor's hands and may:

- (a) use materials, equipment and other things intended for WUS; and
- (b) without payment of compensation to the Subcontractor:
 - (i) take possession of, and use, such of the *construction plant* and other things on or in the vicinity of the *site* as were used by the *Subcontractor*;
 - (ii) contract with such of the Subcontractor's consultants and secondary subcontractors; and
 - (iii) take possession of, and use, such of the design documents,

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as are reasonably required by the Main Contractor to facilitate completion of WUS taken out.

If the *Main Contractor* takes possession of *construction plant*, *design documents* or other things, the *Main Contractor* shall maintain them and, subject to subclause 39.6, on completion of the *work* taken out, shall return such of them as are surplus.

The Subcontract Superintendent shall keep records of the cost of completing the work taken out.

39.6 Adjustment on completion of work taken out

When work taken out of the Subcontractor's hands has been completed, the Subcontract Superintendent shall assess the cost thereby incurred and shall certify as moneys due and payable accordingly the difference between that cost (showing the calculations therefor) and the amount which would otherwise have been paid to the Subcontractor if the work had been completed by the Subcontractor.

If the Subcontractor is indebted to the Main Contractor, the Main Contractor may retain construction plant or other things taken under subclause 39.5 until the debt is satisfied. If after reasonable notice, the Subcontractor fails to pay the debt, the Main Contractor may sell the construction plant or other things and apply the proceeds to the satisfaction of the debt and the costs of sale. Any excess shall be paid to the Subcontractor.

39.7 Main Contractor's default

If the *Main Contractor* commits a substantial breach of the *Subcontract*, the *Subcontractor* may, by hand or by registered post, give the *Main Contractor* a written notice to show cause.

Substantial breaches include, but are not limited to:

- (a) failing to:
 - (i) provide security;
 - (ii) produce evidence of insurance;
 - (iii) rectify inadequate Subcontractor's access to the site if that failure continues for longer than the time stated in Item 40(a);
 - (iv) rectify inadequate Subcontractor's non-exclusive possession of the site if that failure continues for longer than the time stated in *Item* 40(b); or
 - (v) make a payment due and payable pursuant to the Subcontract; and
- (b) the Subcontract Superintendent not giving a certificate of practical completion or reasons as referred to in subclause 34.6.

39.8 Subcontractor's notice to show cause

A notice given under subclause 39.7 shall state:

- (a) that it is a notice under clause 39 of these Subcontract Conditions;
- (b) the alleged substantial breach;
- (c) that the *Main Contractor* is required to show cause in writing why the *Subcontractor* should not exercise a right referred to in subclause 39.9;
- (d) the date and time by which the *Main Contractor* must show cause (which shall not be less than 7 clear days after the notice is received by the *Main Contractor*); and
- (e) the place at which cause must be shown.

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39.9 Subcontractor's rights

If the *Main Contractor* fails to show reasonable cause by the stated date and time, the *Subcontractor* may, by written notice to the *Main Contractor*, suspend the whole or any part of *WUS*.

The Subcontractor shall remove the suspension if the Main Contractor remedies the breach.

The Subcontractor may, by written notice to the Main Contractor, terminate the Subcontract if, within 28 days of the date of suspension under this subclause the Main Contractor fails:

- (a) to remedy the breach; or
- (b) if the breach is not capable of remedy, to make other arrangements to the reasonable satisfaction of the *Subcontractor*.

Damages suffered by the *Subcontractor* by reason of the suspension shall be assessed by the *Subcontract Superintendent*, who shall certify them as moneys due and payable to the *Subcontractor*.

39.10 Termination

If the Subcontract is terminated pursuant to subclause 39.4(b) or 39.9, the parties' remedies, rights and liabilities shall be the same as they would have been under the law governing the Subcontract had the defaulting party repudiated the Subcontract and the other party elected to treat the Subcontract as at an end and recover damages.

If Alternative 2 of subclause 10.2 applies and the Main Contractor has terminated the Subcontract, the Main Contractor may also, without payment of compensation, take possession of the design documents.

39.11 Insolvency

If:

- (a) a party informs the other in writing, or creditors generally, that the party is insolvent or is financially unable to proceed with the Subcontract;
- (b) execution is levied against a party by a creditor;
- (c) a party is an individual person or a partnership including an individual person, and if that person:
 - (i) commits an act of bankruptcy;
 - (ii) has a bankruptcy petition presented against him or her or presents his or her own petition;
 - (iii) is made bankrupt;
 - (iv) makes a proposal for a scheme of arrangement or a composition; or
 - (v) has a deed of assignment or deed of arrangement made, accepts a composition, is required to present a debtor's petition, or has a sequestration order made, under Part X of the Bankruptcy Act 1966 (Cwlth) or like provision under the law governing the *Subcontract*; or
- (d) in relation to a party being a corporation:
 - (i) notice is given of a meeting of creditors with a view to the corporation entering a deed of company arrangement;
 - (ii) it enters a deed of company arrangement with creditors;
 - (iii) a controller or administrator is appointed;

- (iv) an application is made to a court for its winding up and not stayed within 14 days;
- (v) a winding up order is made in respect of it;
- (vi) it resolves by special resolution that it be wound up voluntarily (other than for a member's voluntary winding up); or
- (vii) a mortgagee of any of its property takes possession of that property,

then, where the other party is:

- (A) the Main Contractor, the Main Contractor may, without giving a notice to show cause, exercise the right under subclause 39.4(a); or
- (B) the Subcontractor, the Subcontractor may, without giving a notice to show cause, exercise the right under subclause 32.9.

The rights and remedies given by this subclause are additional to any other rights and remedies. They may be exercised notwithstanding that there has been no breach of contract.

40 Termination by frustration

If the Subcontract is frustrated:

- (a) the Subcontract Superintendent shall issue a progress certificate for WUS carried out to the date of frustration, evidencing the amount which would have been payable had the Subcontract not been frustrated and had the Subcontractor been entitled to and made a progress claim on the date of frustration;
- (b) the Main Contractor shall pay the Subcontractor:
 - (i) the amount due to the Subcontractor evidenced by all unpaid certificates;
 - (ii) the cost of materials and equipment reasonably ordered by the *Subcontractor* for *WUS* and which the *Subcontractor* is liable to accept, but only if they will become the *Main Contractor*'s property upon payment; and
 - (iii) the costs reasonably incurred:
 - (A) removing temporary works and construction plant;
 - (B) returning to their place of engagement the Subcontractor and its employees engaged in WUS at the date of frustration; and
 - (C) by the Subcontractor in expectation of completing WUS and not included in any other payment; and
- (c) each party shall promptly release and return all security provided by the other.

41 Notification of claims

41.1 Communication of claims

The prescribed notice is a written notice of the general basis and quantum of the claim.

As soon as practicable after a party becomes aware of any claim in connection with the subject matter of the *Subcontract*, that party shall give to the other party and to the *Subcontract Superintendent* the *prescribed notice* or a notice of *dispute* under subclause 42.1.

This subclause and subclause 41.3 shall not apply to any claim, including a claim for payment (except for claims which would, other than for this subclause, have been included in the *final payment claim*), the communication of which is required by another provision of the *Subcontract*.

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41.2 Liability for failure to communicate

The failure of a party to comply with the provisions of subclause 41.1 or to communicate a claim in accordance with the relevant provision of the *Subcontract* shall, inter alia, entitle the other party to damages for breach of the *Subcontract* but shall neither bar nor invalidate the claim.

41.3 Subcontract Superintendent's decision

If within 21 days of giving the *prescribed notice* the party giving it does not notify the other party and the *Subcontract Superintendent* of particulars of the claim, the *prescribed notice* shall be deemed to be the claim.

Within 63 days of receipt of the *prescribed notice* the *Subcontract Superintendent* shall assess the claim and notify the parties in writing of the decision. Unless a party within a further 21 days of such notification gives a notice of *dispute* under subclause 42.1 which includes such decision, the *Subcontract Superintendent* shall certify the amount of that assessment to be moneys then due and payable.

42 Dispute resolution

42.1 Notice of dispute

If a difference or dispute (together called a 'dispute') between the parties arises in connection with the subject matter of the Subcontract, including a dispute concerning:

- (a) a Subcontract Superintendent's direction; or
- (b) a claim:
 - (i) in tort;
 - (ii) under statute;
 - (iii) for restitution based on unjust enrichment or other quantum meruit; or
 - (iv) for rectification or frustration,

or like claim available under the law governing the Subcontract,

then either party shall, by hand or by registered post, give the other and the Subcontract Superintendent a written notice of dispute adequately identifying and providing details of the dispute.

Notwithstanding the existence of a dispute, the parties shall, subject to clauses 39 and 40 and subclause 42.6, continue to perform the Subcontract.

42.2 Conference

Within 14 days after receiving a notice of *dispute*, the parties shall confer at least once to resolve the *dispute* or to agree on methods of doing so. At every such conference each party shall be represented by a person having authority to agree to such resolution or methods. All aspects of every such conference except the fact of occurrence shall be privileged.

If the *dispute* has not been resolved within 28 days of service of the notice of *dispute*, that *dispute* shall be and is hereby referred to arbitration.

42.3 Arbitration

Subject to subclause 42.4, if within a further 14 days the parties have not agreed upon an arbitrator, the arbitrator shall be nominated by the person in *Item* 41(a). The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules in *Item* 41(b).

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42.4 Main contract arbitrator

If a notice is given under subclause 42.1, the subject matter of which touches or concerns any *main contract dispute*, then the arbitrator to be nominated pursuant to subclause 42.3 shall be the *main contract arbitrator* unless:

(a) no main contract arbitrator is nominated within 42 days of giving the notice under subclause 42.1; or

(b) the main contract arbitrator is unable or unwilling so to act,

in which case the arbitrator shall be nominated under subclause $42\cancel{3}$.

If the *main contract arbitrator* is nominated under this subclause, the *Subcontractor* irrevocably consents to any order pursuant to Section 26(a) of the Commercial Arbitration Act or like provisions under the law governing the *main contract*.

42.5 Main contract dispute affecting the Subcontract

When the Main Contractor becomes aware of a main contract dispute which touches or concerns work, material or the performance of WUS, the Main Contractor shall give the Subcontractor:

- (a) a notice setting out adequate details of the main contract dispute; and
- (b) a copy of the *main contract* provisions relating to notification of claims and resolution of disputes.

If the Main Contractor has complied with this subclause, the Main Contractor may give written notice to the Subcontractor requiring any dispute which affects the main contract dispute to be resolved as part of the main contract dispute.

42.6 Summary relief

Nothing herein shall prejudice the right of a party to institute proceedings to enforce payment due under the *Subcontract* or to seek injunctive or urgent declaratory relief.

43 Waiver of conditions

Except as provided at law or in equity or elsewhere in the *Subcontract*, none of the provisions of the *Subcontract* shall be varied, waived, discharged or released, except with the prior written consent of the parties.

44 Services and facilities

44.1 Provision of services and facilities

The *Main Contractor* and the *Subcontractor* shall provide, in good order and working condition, the services and facilities stated in *Item* 42 as being provided by that party.

Except as provided in this clause or elsewhere in the *Subcontract*, the *Subcontractor* shall provide all other services and facilities necessary for the execution and completion of *WUS*.

The Subcontractor shall use services or facilities provided by the Main Contractor only for the carrying out of WUS.

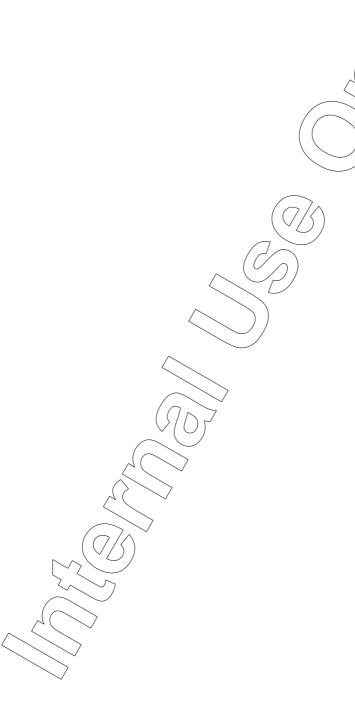
44.2 Compliance

All services and facilities provided by the *Main Contractor* and the *Subcontractor* shall comply with all *legislative requirements* applicable from time to time to *WUS*.

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44.3 Additional services or facilities

If pursuant to a request of the *Subcontractor*, the *Main Contractor* agrees to provide services or facilities additional to those provided by the *Main Contractor* in *Item* 42, the *Subcontractor* shall pay a reasonable charge (which shall not be less than the cost to the *Main Contractor*) for the provision of such additional services or facilities. The rates of hire and the conditions relating to their provision shall be agreed in writing prior to the provision of such additional services or facilities.



ANNEXURE to the Australian Standard General Conditions of Subcontract for Design and Construct

Part A

This Annexure shall be completed and issued as part of the tender documents and, subject to any amendments to be incorporated into the *Subcontract*, is to be attached to the Subcontract Conditions and shall be read as part of the *Subcontract*.

Item		,	
1	Main Contractor (clause 1)		
		ACN	ABN
		701	<i></i>
2	Main Contractor's address		
		(.Q. <u>/</u> .)	
		Phone	Fax
3	Subcontractor		
•	(clause 1)		
		ACN	ABN
	ζ		
4	Subcontractor's address	$\bigcap \bigcap$	
			Fax
5	Subcontract Superintendent	<u> </u>	
	(clause 1)		
		ACN	ABN
6	Subcontract Superintendent's		
	address		
		Phone	Fax
-	Define in a l		
7	Principal (clause 1)		
		ACN	ABN

		PhoneFax
9	Superintendent (clause 1)	
10	Superintendent's address	ACN ABN
	cuperment o address	Phone Fax
† 11	(a) Date for practical completion (clause 1) OR	
t 11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	(b) Period of time for <i>practical</i> completion (clause 1)	
12	Governing law (clause 1(h))	If nothing stated, that of the jurisdiction where the <i>site</i> is located
13	(a) Currency (clause 1(g))	If nothing stated, that of the jurisdiction where the <i>site</i> is located
0 0 0 0 1	(b) Place for payments (clause 1(g))	If nothing stated, the Main Contractor's address
	(c) Place of business of bank (clause 1(d))	If nothing stated, the place nearest to where the site is located
14	The Main Contractor's project requirements are described in the	1 Preliminary design (if included in Item 15) 2
	following documents (clause 1)	3
		5

8

Principal's address

[†] If applicable, delete and instead complete equivalent Item in the separable portions section of the Annexure Part A

15	Preliminary desigr
	(clause 1)

(a) A premimary design	(a)	Α	preliminary	design
------------------------	-----	---	-------------	--------

- * is included
- * is not included

in the *Main Contractor's project requirements*. If neither deleted, a *preliminary design* is not included

(D)	The preliminary design documents are:
1.	
5 .	

- 16 Bill of quantities (subclause 2.4)
 - (a) Alternative applying (subclause 2.4)
 - (b) If Alternative 2 applies, is the bill of quantities to be priced? (subclause 2.4)
 - (c) Lodgement time (subclause 2.5(b))

17	Quantities in schedule of rates,
	limits of accuracy
	(subclause 2.7(b))

Provisional sum,
percentage for profit and attendance
(clause 3)

If nothing stated, Alternative 1 applies

*No / *Yes

If neither deleted, the bill of quantities shall be priced

days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the date of acceptance of tender of the days after the day

Upper Limit

Lower Limit

..... %

^{*} Delete one

† 19	Subcontractor's security	
	(a) Form (clause 5)	
	(b) Amount or maximum percenta of subcontract sum (clause 5)	If nothing stated, 5% of the subcontract sum
	(c) If retention moneys, percentage of each progress certificate(clause 5 and subclause 37.2)	If nothing stated. 10%, until the limit in Item 19(b)
	(d) Time for provision (except for retention moneys)(clause 5)	within days after the date of acceptance of tender If nothing stated, 28 days
	(e) Additional security for unfixed plant and materials (subclauses 5.4 and 37.3)	\$
	(f) Subcontractor's security upon certificate of practical completion is reduced by (subclause 5.4)	of amount held If nothing stated, 50% of amount held
† 20	Main Contractor's security	
	(a) Form (clause 5)	
	(b) Amount or maximum percentage of subcontract sur (clause 5)	m If nothing stated, nil
	(c) Time for provision (clause 5)	within days after the date of acceptance of tender
	(d) Main Contractor's security upon certificate of practical completion is reduced by (subclause 5.4)	

[†] If applicable, delete and instead complete equivalent Item in the separable portions section of the Annexure Part A

21	Main Contractor-supplied	Document	No. of copies
	documents	1 Main contractor's project requ	uirements
	(subclause 8.2)		
		3	
		4	
		5	
		3	If nothing stated,
			3 copies
00	December of a size and		1()
22	Documents, numbers of copies, and the times or stages at which they are		
	to be supplied by the Subcontractor		
	(subclause 8.3)		
	Document	No. of copies	Time/stage
		•	-
	1		
	2	(((/./.))	
	3		
	4	$(\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}})$	
	5		
23	Time for Subcontract	days	
	Superintendent's direction about	If nothing stated, 21 days	
	documents		
	(subclause 8.3)		
		V/07	
24	Secondary subcontracting	Work by	
	(subclause 9.2)	Subcontractor's consultants	Work by others
		<u></u>	
		~	
	$(\langle // \rangle)$		

25 Secondary subcontractor Particular part of the Novation (subclause 9.4) preliminary design or or selected secondary subcontractor, selected subcontract work, as the case may be as the case may be 26 Intellectual property rights granted to the Main Contractor, If nothing stated Alternative 1 applies the Alternative applying (subclause 10.2) 27 Legislative requirements (a) Those already excepted under the main contract (subclause 11.1) (b) Those excepted under the Subcontract (subclause 11.1) (c) Identified WUS (subclause 11.2(a)(iii))

28	Professional indemnity insurance (clause 16B and subclause 9.2(d))		
	(a) Levels of cover of Subcontractor's professional indemnity insurance		
	shall be not less than	If nothing stated, \$5 000 000	
	(b) Period for which Subcontractor's		
	professional indemnity insurance shall be maintained after issue of the <i>final certificate</i>	If nothing stated, 6 years	
	(c) Categories of Subcontractor's	Category	Levels of cover
	consultants and levels of cover of Subcontractor's consultants'		. \$
	professional indemnity insurance	(.())	. \$
			. \$
			. \$
			If nothing stated, \$1 000 000
	(d) Period for which each		
	Subcontractor's consultant's	If nothing stated, o years	
shall be main	professional indemnity insurance shall be maintained after issue of the <i>final certificate</i>		
29	Dublic lightlity incurance		
29	Public liability insurance (clause 17)		
	(a) Alternative applying	(907	
		If nothing stated, Alternative 1 applies	
	If Alternative 2 applies		
	(b) Amount per occurrence shall	<u> </u>	
	be not less than	\$.	
		If nothing stated, \$10 000 000	
30	(a) Time for giving access	within days of date of accept	ance of tender
	(subclause 24.4)	If nothing stated, 14 days	
	(b) Time for giving non-exclusive possession (subclause 24.1)	within days of date of acceptal lf nothing stated, 14 days	ance of tender

	31		e information, materials, document	s	Documents or instructions	Times/Periods
		or instructions and the times by, or periods within which they are to be given to the <i>Subcontractor</i> (clause 32)	1			
			2			
				5		<i>_j</i> /
	32					J
			delay for which <i>EOTs</i> will not be			
			ragraph (c)(iii) of clause 1 and			
		subclauses 34.3)		(())		
†	33	(a)	Subcontract liquidated		(.(,7/\)	
			damages, rate		per day o	fper day
			(subclause 34.7)			
		‡(b)	Main contract liquidated damages, rate			
			(subclause 34.7A)		per day \$	Sper day
t	34	Воі	nus for early <i>practical completion</i>	^		
		(su	bclause 34.8)			
		(a)	Rate	<u>/;;</u>		
			(b) Limit	\.{	per day \$	Sper day
		(b)		\; ;;	<u> </u>	
				\ \.:	······\$	5
				\checkmark_{o}	R	
					% of subcontract sun	1
					If nothing stated, there is no waiver	

[†] If applicable, delete and instead complete equivalent Item in the separable portions section of the Annexure Part A

Delete if optional subclause 34.7A is deleted

† 35	Other compensable causes (paragraph (c) of clause 1 and subclause 34.9)	
		^
36	Defects liability period (clause 35)	
	(Clause 33)	
		If nothing stated, the period ending on the date of expiry of the last defects liability period under the main contract
37	Progress claims (subclause 37.1)	
	(a) Times for progress claims	day of each month for WUS
		done to theday of that month
	OR	
	(b) States of WUS for progress claims	
		^
		<u> </u>
		$\Omega \Lambda Z$
38	Unfixed plant and materials	
	for which payment claims may be made	
	(subclause 37.3)	>
39	Interest rate on overdue payments	% per annum
	(subclauses 37.5)	If nothing stated, 18% per annum
40	(a) Time for Main Contractor to	days
	rectify inadequate access	If nothing stated, 14 days
	(subclause 39.7(a)(iii))	
	(b) Time for Main Contractor to	days
	rectify inadequate non-exclusive possession	If nothing stated, 14 days
	(subclause 39.7(a)(iv))	

[†] If applicable, delete and instead complete equivalent Item in the separable portions section of the Annexure Part A

41	Arbitration (subclause 42.3)	
	(a) Person to nominate an arbitrator	
		If no-one stated, the President of the Institute of Arbitrators & Mediators Australia
'	(b) Rule for arbitration	
		If nothing stated:
		(a) rules 5–18 of the Rules of The Institute of Arbitrators & Mediators Australia for the Conduct of Commercial Arbitrations;
		OR (b) if no or more of the parties are nationals of and habitually resident in, incorporated in, or where the central management and control is exercised in, different countries as between the parties, then the UNCTRAL Arbitration Rules shall apply and the appointing authority shall be the person provided in <i>Item</i> 41(c)
	(c) Appointing Authority under UNCITRAL Arbitration Rules	If no-one stated, the President of the Institute of Arbitrators & Mediators Australia
42	Convince and facilities	
42	Services and facilities (clause 44)	
	(a) Electricity	\(\rangle
	(i) Installation of 240 volts: Supp	ply shall be provided by the Main Contractor at the following points
		>
	Installation of 240 volts: Supp	ply shall be provided by the Subcontractor at the following points

	(ii)	Installation of 415 volts: Supply shall be provided by the <i>Main Contractor</i> at t	he following points
		Installation of 415 volts: Supply shall be provided by the Subcontractor at the	e following points
			.2/
	(iii)	Cost of Electricity provided to the Subcontractor shall be borne by the	* Main Contractor
			* Subcontractor
	(iv)	Cost of connection to the power supply shall be borne by the	* Main Contractor
			* Subcontractor
		NOTE: The Subcontractor shall provide leads for the Subcontractor's own use.	
(b)	Ade	quate artificial lighting shall be provided by the	* Main Contractor
			* Subcontractor
(c)	Scat	ffolding	
	(i)	Initial supply and erection and final removal of scaffolding at the following loc	cations
		shall be provided by and at the cost of the	* Main Contractor
		shall be provided by and at the cost of the	* Subcontractor
	(ii)	Adjustment and moving of scaffolding or planks or both shall be carried out by and at the cost of the	* Main Contractor
		by and at the cost of the	* Subcontractor
	(iii)	Cost of the provision or hire of scaffolding or planks shall be borne by the	* Main Contractor * Subcontractor
			Subcontractor

^{*} Delete one

(d)

Cran	age and hoisting	
(i)	Cranage facilities (including provision of qualified operators) shall be borne by the	* Main Contractor * Subcontractor
(ii)	Description of cranage facilities if provided by Main Contractor	
		<u> </u>
(iii)	Description of cranage facilities if provided by Subcontractor	
(iv)	Hoisting facilities shall be provided by the	* Main Contractor
		* Subcontractor
(v)	Description of hoisting facilities if provided by Main Contractor	
	<u> </u>	
(vi)	Description of hoisting facilities if provided by Subcontractor	
	<u></u>	
	7	
(vii)	Labour to handle materials to be lifted by crane shall be provided by the	* Main Contractor
		* Subcontractor
(viii)	Labour to handle materials to be lifted by hoist shall be provided by the	* Main Contractor
, ,		* Subcontractor
(ix)	If materials are to be lifted by crane provided by the	
(17)	Main Contractor, lifting shall be between the following	
		*am / *pm
	to	* am / *pm

Delete one

	(x)	If materials are to be hoisted hoisting shall be between the		from	*am / *pm
				to	*am / *pm
	(xi)	Charge for cranage facilities Contractor shall be at the following	·	\$	per hour
	(xii)	Charge for hoisting facilities parameter shall be at the following		\$	per hour
(e)	Othe	er plant or equipment			
	(i)		ment to be provided or made a se of the Subcontractor shall b	/ 1.	
	(ii)	The date of provision or avail	ability of such other items of p	lant or equipmer	nt shall be
		•			
	(iii)	A qualified operator for such	plant or equipment shall be pro	ovided by the	* Main Contractor * Subcontractor
	(iv)	Such other items of plant or e on the following date or dates		the Subcontrac	tor
		on the following date of dates	, >		
			repair (other than due to fair water in Contractor and used by the	,	•
(f)	Tele	phones and fax	If a telephone service of factor by the <i>Main Contractor</i> Subcontractor shall pay for o	for the Subco	ontractor's use, the

^{*} Delete one

- (i) Space for the erection of the *Subcontractor's* sheds and storage facilities shall be provided by the *Main Contractor*.
- (ii) Toilet accommodation and washing facilities shall be provided by the Main Contractor.
- (iii) Adequate water and boiling water for drinking purposes shall be provided by the *Main Contractor*.

	Contractor.	
(iv)	Adequate water and hot water the following locations:	r for cleaning purposes shall be provided by the Main Contractor at
(v)	Other services and facilities	
	(specify)	by the *Main Contractor / *Subcontractor
		by the *Main Contractor / *Subcontractor
		by the *Main Contractor / *Subcontractor.
		by the *Main Contractor / *Subcontractor
		907

^{*} Delete one

Part A

Separable Portions

- This section should be completed only if the Subcontract provides for separable portions.
- Complete separate pages for each separable portion, which should be numbered appropriately. Any balance of the Subcontract Works should also be a separable portion.

	Separable portion (clause 1)	No
	Description of separable portion (clause 1)	
Item		
11	(a) Date for practical completion (clause 1)	
	OR	
	(b) Period of time for <i>practical</i> completion (clause 1)	
19	Subcontractor's security	
	(a) Form (clause 5)	Ω
	(b) Amount or maximum percenta value of this separable portion (clause 5)	
	(c) If retention moneys, percentage each progress certificate applied to this separable portion (clause 5 and subclause 37.2)	
	(d) Time for provision (except for retention moneys) (clause 5)	within days after the date of acceptance of tender If nothing stated, 28 days
	(e) Additional security for unfixed and materials (subclauses 5.4 and 37.3)	plant\$
	(f) Contractor's security upon certificate of practical complet is reduced by (subclause 5.4)	

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L . /	Get permission to co	

20	Main Contractor's security	
	(a) Form (clause 5)	
	(b) Amount or maximum percentage of value of this separable portion (clause 5)	
	(c) Time for provision (clause 5)	within days after the date of acceptance of tender If nothing stated, 28 days
	(d) Main Contractor's security upon certificate of practical completion is reduced by (subclause 5.4)	If nothing stated, 50% of amount held
33	(a) Subcontract liquidated damages, rate (subclause 34.7)	per day \$per day
	‡(b) Main contract liquidated damages, rate (subclause 34.7A)	per day \$ per day
34	Bonus for early <i>practical completion</i> (subclause 34.8)	
	(a) Rate	per day \$ per day
	(b) Limit	\$
35	Other compensable causes (paragraph (c) of clause 1 and subclause 34.9)	

[‡] Delete if optional subclause 34.7A is deleted

Annexure to the Australian Standard General Conditions of Subcontract for Design and Construct

Part B

This form may also be used where the Main Contractor is required to provide an unconditional undertaking, by substituting Main Contractor for Subcontractor and vice versa, wherever occurring.

Approved form of	unconditional undertain	King				
(clause 1 – security)				\ \		
At the request of				✓ 		
	ABN		Subcont	ractor) and in	consideration	of
	ABN		he <i>Main</i>	Contractor)	accepting th	 nis
undertaking in respect of	of the Subcontract for	(\ /) /				
		(1	he Projec			
ACN	ABN	(t	he <i>Financ</i>	ial Institution)	unconditional	ly
undertakes to pay on	demand any sum or sums	which may from tim	e to time	e be demand	ed by the Ma	iin
Contractor to a maximu	um aggregate sum of)				
		(\$.)
The undertaking is to a	ontinue until notification has	boon received from	tha Main	Contractor th	at the our is	
_		_/				
	Main Contractor or until this	~				
	Contractor by the Financial In	istitution of the whole	e of the s	um or such p	part as the Ma	เเท
Contractor may require.						
Should the Financial Ins	stitution be notified in writing,	purporting to be sigr	ed by			
		for and on beh	alf of the	Main Contrac	tor that the Ma	ain
Contractor desires payr	ment to be made of the whole	e or any part or parts	of the su	m, it is uncon	ditionally agre	ed
that the Financial Inst	itution will make the payme	ent or payments to	the <i>Main</i>	Contractor f	orthwith witho	ut
reference to the Subcor	ntractor and notwithstanding a	any notice given by th	ne Subcor	ntractor not to	pay same.	
B : 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5					
_	e Financial Institution may a					ıın
Contractor the sum of						•••
	<u> </u>					-
	ounts it may previously have					
required and specified	by the Main Contractor and	thereupon the liabilit	y of the F	inancial Instit	tution hereund	er
shall immediately cease) .					
D			,		00	
Dated at	this	day o	10		20	

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Annexure to the Australian Standard **General Conditions of Subcontract for Design and Construct**

Part C

Deed of novation	
(subclause 9.2(c))	
This Deed made the	day of
between	(the Main Subcontractor)
of	
and	(the Subcontractor)
of	ACNABN
and	(the secondary subcontractor)
of	ACNABN
and	(the Incoming Subcontractor)
of	ACN ABN
witness that:	

- Upon receipt by the secondary subcontractor of the sum certified by the Subcontract Superintendent as owing under the prior contract described in the Schedule hereto:
 - (a) the prior contract shall be discharged;
 - (b) the secondary subcontractor shall release the Subcontractor from the further performance of the prior contract and from all claims and demands in connection with the prior contract;
 - (c) the Incoming Subcontractor shall punctually perform the obligations of the Subcontractor under the prior contract as far as they are not performed. The Incoming Subcontractor acknowledges itself bound by the provisions of the prior contract as it the Uncoming Subcontractor had been named in the prior contract;
 - (d) the secondary subcontractor shall punctually perform like obligations and be bound to the Incoming Subcontractor as if the provisions of the prior subcontract were incorporated herein.
- The Main Subcontractor and secondary subcontractor each warrant to the Incoming Subcontractor that:
 - (a) subcontract work carried out to the date hereof is in accordance with the provisions of the prior contract; and
 - (b) all claims and demands in connection with the prior contract have been made to the Subcontractor.
- The Main Subcontractor and secondary subcontractor each indemnifies the Incoming Subcontractor from all claims and demands of the Subcontractor, Main Contractor and secondary subcontractor in connection with the prior contract.
- A dispute between:
 - (a) the Main Contractor and the secondary subcontractor in connection with the Subcontract Superintendent's certification of the sum owing under the prior contract; or
 - (b) the Incoming Subcontractor and the secondary subcontractor in connection with clause 1(c) or 1(d), shall be resolved pursuant to the provisions of AS 4903-2000 General conditions of subcontract for design and construct which for the purposes of this clause 4 are incorporated herein.
- This Deed shall be governed by the laws of the jurisdiction stated in Item 12 of the Subcontract between the Main Contractor and Subcontractor.

Schedule

In witness whereof the parties have executed this DEED OF	NOVATION by affixing their seals
THE COMMON SEAL of the Main Contractor	
was affixed to this document in the presence of:	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)
	(\bigcirc / \bigcirc)
THE COMMON SEAL of the Subcontractor	
was affixed to this document in the presence of:	
))
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)
Traine (please print)	realite (preade print)
THE COMMON SEAL of the secondary subcontractor	
was affixed to this document in the presence of.	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)
THE COMMON SEAL of the Incoming Subcontractor	
was affixed to this document in the presence of:	
*	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)

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Annexure to the Australian Standard General Conditions of Subcontract for Design and Construct

Part D

In the Deed where applicable

- outgoing party is the main contractor;
- incoming party is the subcontractor;
- continuing party is the secondary subcontractor, selected secondary subcontractor or subcontractor's consultant, as the case may be.

Deed of novation

(subclause 9.4)

This Deed made the	day of	20
between		(the outgoing party)
of	ACN(
and		(the incoming party)
of	ACN	(a.eeeg pa.e.,
and	ACN ABN	(the continuing party)
	ACN ABN	
witness that:		

- 1 Upon receipt by the *continuing party* of all moneys owing under the prior contract:
 - (a) the *incoming party* shall punctually perform the obligations of the *outgoing party* under the prior contract prescribed in the Schedule hereto as far as they are not performed. The *incoming party* acknowledges itself bound by the provisions of the prior contract as if the *incoming party* had been named as the *outgoing party* in the prior contract;
 - (b) the *continuing party* punctually perform like obligations and be bound to the *incoming party* as if the provisions of the prior contract were incorporated herein; and
 - (c) the *outgoing party* and *continuing party* shall each release and forever discharge the other from the further performance of the prior contract and from all claims and demands in connection with the prior contract.
- 2 The outgoing party and continuing party each warrant to the incoming party that preliminary design or selected subcontract work, as the case may be, carried out to the date hereof, is in accordance with the provisions of the prior contract.
- 3 This Deed shall be governed by the governing law of the prior contract between the *outgoing party* and continuing party.

Schedule

In witness whereof the parties have executed this DEED OF	NOVATION by affixing their seals
THE COMMON SEAL of the <i>outgoing party</i> was affixed to this document in the presence of:	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)
THE COMMON SEAL of the <i>incoming party</i> was affixed to this document in the presence of:	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)
THE COMMON SEAL of the continuing party was affixed to this document in the presence of:	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)

Annexure to the Australian Standard General Conditions of Subcontract for Design and Construct

Part E

ions, amendments and additions
The following clauses have been deleted from AS 4903—2000
(O/A)
The following almost have been been did and differ (for All)
The following clauses have been amended and differ from the corresponding clauses in AS 4903—2
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(%)

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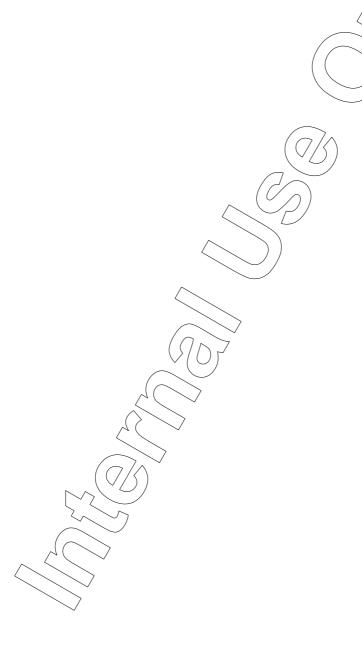
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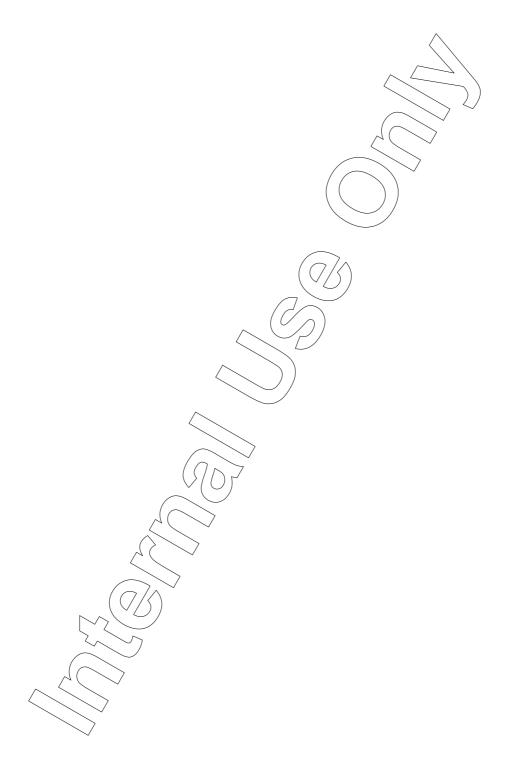
AMENDMENT CONTROL SHEET

AS 4903—2000

Amendment No. 1 (2005)

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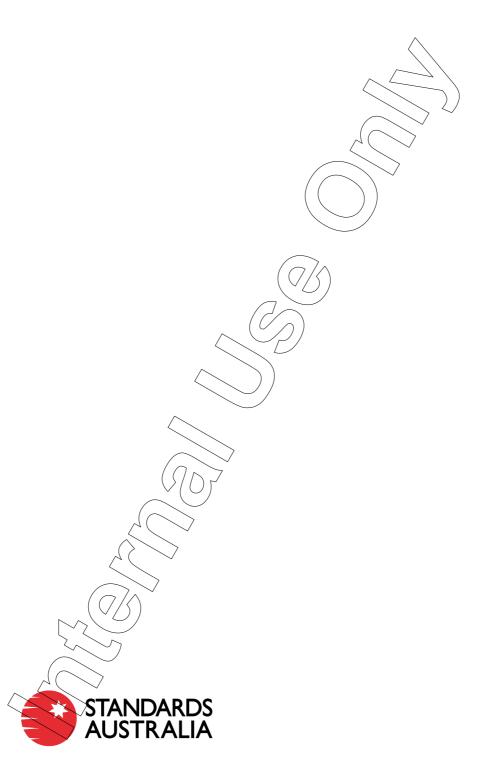
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